## Appendix A ARGONNE TERMS AND CONDITIONS ANL-526 (Jan-2000)

## (FOR FIXED-PRICE CONSTRUCTION CONTRACTS)

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#### 1. NOTICE TO PROCEED

This contract is designated as high risk. The contractor shall not commence work under this contract unless and until the contractor receives a notice to proceed issued by the Procurement Representative.

#### 2. DISPLACED EMPLOYEE HIRING PREFERENCE

## (a) Applicability.

This clause applies to all contracts (except for commercial items) in excess of \$500.000.

## (b) Definition.

"Eligible employee" means a current or former employee of a Contractor or subcontractor employed at a Department of Energy Defense Nuclear Facility (1) whose position of employment has been, or will be, involuntarily terminated (except if terminated for cause), (2) who has also met the eligible criteria contained in the Department of Energy guidance for Contractor work force restructuring, as may be amended or supplemented from time to time, and (3) who is qualified for a particular job vacancy with the Department or one of its Contractors with respect to work under its contract with the Department at the time the particular position is available

- (c) Consistent with Department of Energy guidance for Contractor work force restructuring, as may be amended or supplemented from time to time, the Contractor agrees that it will provide a preference in hiring to an eligible employee to the extent practicable for work performed under this contract.
- (d) The requirements of this clause shall be included in subcontracts at any tier (except for subcontracts for commercial items pursuant to 41 U.S.C. 403 expected to exceed \$500,000.

#### 3. COVENANT AGAINST CONTINGENT FEE

- (a) The Contractor warrants that no person or agency has been employed or retained to solicit or obtain this contract upon an agreement or understanding for a contingent fee, except a bona fide employee or agency. For breach or violation of this warranty, the Laboratory shall have the right to annul this contract without liability or, in its discretion, to deduct from the contract price or consideration, or otherwise recover, the full amount of the contingent fee.
- (b) "Bona fide agency," as used in this clause, means an established commercial or selling agency, maintained by a contractor for the purpose of securing business, that neither exerts nor proposes to exert improper influence to solicit or obtain Government contracts nor holds itself out as being able to obtain any Government contract or contracts through improper influence.

"Bona fide employee," as used in this clause, means a person, employed by a contractor and subject to the contractor's supervision and control as to time, place, and manner of performance, who neither exerts nor proposes to exert improper influence to solicit or obtain Government contracts nor holds out as being able to obtain any Government contract or contracts through improper influence.

"Contingent fee," as used in this clause, means any commission, percentage, brokerage, or other fee that is contingent upon the success that a person or concern has in securing a Government contract.

"Improper influence," as used in this clause, means any influence that induces or tends to induce a Government employee or officer to give consideration or to act regarding a Government contract on any basis other than the merits of the matter.

#### 4. CONVICT LABOR

The Contractor agrees not to employ in the performance of this contract any person undergoing a sentence of imprisonment which has been imposed by any court of a State, the District of Columbia, the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico, the Virgin Islands, Guam, American Samoa, the Commonwealth of the Northern Mariana Islands, or the Trust Territory of the Pacific Islands. This limitation, however, shall not prohibit the employment by the Contractor in the performance of this contract of persons on parole or probation to work at paid employment during the terms of their sentence or persons who have been pardoned or who have served their terms. Nor shall it prohibit the employment by the Contractor in the performance of this contract of persons confined for violation of the laws of any of the States, the District of Columbia, the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico, the Virgin Islands, Guam, American Samoa, the Commonwealth of the Northern Mariana Islands, or the Trust Territory of the Pacific Islands who are authorized to work at paid employment in the community under the laws of such jurisdiction, if-

- (a) (1) The worker is paid or is in an approved work training program on a voluntary basis;
  - (2) Representatives of local union central bodies or similar labor union organizations have been consulted;
  - (3) Such paid employment will not result in the displacement of employed workers, or be applied in skills, crafts, or trades in which there is a surplus of available gainful labor in the locality, or impair existing contracts for services; and
  - (4) The rates of pay and other conditions of employment will not be less than those paid or provided for work of a similar nature in the locality in which the work is being performed; and
- (b) The Attorney General of the United States has certified that the work-release laws or regulations of the jurisdiction involved are in conformity with the requirements of Executive Order 11755, as amended by Executive Orders 12608 and 12943.

## **5.** EQUAL OPPORTUNITY

- (a) If, during any 12-month period (including the 12 months preceding the award of this contract), the Contractor has been or is awarded nonexempt Federal contracts and/or subcontracts that have an aggregate value in excess of \$10,000, the Contractor shall comply with subparagraphs (b)(1) through (11) below. Upon request, the Contractor shall provide information necessary to determine the applicability of this clause.
- (b) During performing this contract, the Contractor agrees as follows:
  - (1) The Contractor shall not discriminate against any employee or applicant for employment because of race, color, religion, sex, or national origin.
  - (2) The Contractor shall take affirmative action to ensure that applicants are employed, and that employees are treated during employment, without regard to their race, color, religion, sex, or national origin. This shall include, but not be limited to (i) employment, (ii) upgrading, (iii) demotion, (iv) transfer, (v) recruitment or recruitment advertising, (vi) layoff or termination, (vii) rates of pay or other forms of compensation, and (viii) selection for training including apprenticeship.
  - (3) The Contractor shall post in conspicuous places available to employees and applicants for employment the notices to be provided by the Laboratory that explain this clause.
  - (4) The Contractor shall, in all solicitations or advertisements for employees placed by or on behalf of the Contractor, state that all qualified applicants will receive consideration for employment without regard to race, color, religion, sex, or national origin.
  - (5) The Contractor shall send, to each labor union or representative of workers with which it has a collective bargaining agreement or other contract or understanding, the notice to be provided by the Laboratory advising the labor union or workers' representative of the Contractor's commitments under this clause, and post copies of the notice in conspicuous places available to employees and applicants for employment.
  - (6) The Contractor shall comply with Executive Order 11246, as amended, and the rules, regulations, and orders of the Secretary of Labor.
  - (7) The Contractor shall furnish to the Laboratory or Department all information required by Executive Order 11246, as amended, and by the rules, regulations, and orders of the Secretary of Labor. Standard Form 100 (EEO-1), or any successor form, is the prescribed form to be filed within 30 days following the award, unless filed within 12 months preceding the date of award.

- (8) The Contractor shall permit access to its books, records, and accounts by the Laboratory or Department or the Office of Federal Contract Compliance Programs (OFCCP) for the purposes of investigation to ascertain the Contractor's compliance with the applicable rules, regulations, and orders.
- (9) If the OFCCP determines that the Contractor is not in compliance with this clause or any rule, regulation, or order of the Secretary of Labor, this contract may be canceled, or terminated, or suspended in whole or in part and the Contractor may be declared ineligible for further Government contracts, under the procedures authorized in Executive Order 11246, as amended. In addition, sanctions may be imposed and remedies invoked against the Contractor as provided in Executive Order 11246, as amended, the rules, regulations, and orders of the Secretary of Labor, or as otherwise provided by law.
- (10) The Contractor shall include the terms and conditions of sub-paragraph (b)(1) through (11) of this clause in every subcontract or purchase order that is not exempted by the rules, regulations, or orders of the Secretary of Labor issued under Executive Order 11246, as amended, so that these terms and conditions will be binding upon each subcontractor or vendor.
- (11) The Contractor shall take such action with respect to any subcontract or purchase order as the Laboratory or Department may direct as a means of enforcing these terms and conditions, including sanctions for noncompliance; provided, that if the Contractor becomes involved in, or is threatened with, litigation with a subcontractor or vendor as a result of any direction, the Contractor may request the United States to enter into the litigation to protect the interests of the United States.
- (c) Notwithstanding any other clause in this contract, disputes relative to this clause will be governed by the procedures in 41 CFR 60-1.1.

## 6. AFFIRMATIVE ACTION FOR DISABLED VETERANS AND VETERANS OF THE VIETNAM ERA

(a) Definitions. As used in this clause--

"All employment openings" includes all positions except executive and top management, those positions that will be filled from within the contractor's organization, and positions lasting 3 days or less. This term includes full-time employment, temporary employment of more than 3 days' duration, and part-time employment.

"Appropriate office of the State employment service system" means the local office of the Federal-State national system of public employment offices with assigned responsibility to serve the area where the employment opening is to be filled, including the District of Columbia, Guam, the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico, and the Virgin Islands.

"Positions that will be filled from within the Contractor's organization" means employment openings for which no consideration will be given to persons outside the Contractor's organization (including any affiliates, subsidiaries, and parent companies) and includes any openings that the Contractor proposes to fill from regularly established "recall" lists. The exception does not apply to a particular opening once an employer decides to consider applicants outside of its organization.

"Veteran of the Vietnam era" means a person who--

- (1) Served on active duty for a period of more than 180 days, any part of which occurred between August 5, 1964, and May 7, 1975, and was discharged or released therefrom with other than a dishonorable discharge; or
- (2) Was discharged or released from active duty for a service-connected disability if any part of such active duty was performed between August 5, 1964, and May 7, 1975.

## (b) General.

- (1) Regarding any position for which the employee or applicant for employment is qualified, the Contractor shall not discriminate against the individual because the individual is a disabled veteran or a veteran of the Vietnam era. The Contractor agrees to take affirmative action to employ, advance in employment, and otherwise treat qualified disabled veterans and veterans of the Vietnam era without discrimination based upon their disability or veterans' status in all employment practices such as—
  - (i) Employment;
  - (ii) Upgrading;
  - (iii) Demotion or transfer;
  - (iv) Recruitment;
  - (v) Advertising;
  - (vi) Layoff or termination;
  - (vii) Rates of pay or other forms of compensation; and
  - (viii) Selection for training, including apprenticeship.
- (2) The Contractor agrees to comply with the rules, regulations, and relevant orders of the Secretary of Labor (Secretary) issued under the Vietnam Era Veterans' Readjustment Assistance Act of 1972 (the Act), as amended.

- (c) Listing openings.
  - (1) The Contractor agrees to list all suitable employment openings existing at contract award or occurring during contract performance, at an appropriate office of the State employment service system in the locality where the opening occurs. These openings include those occurring at any Contractor facility, including one not connected with performing this contract. An independent corporate affiliate is exempt from this requirement.
  - (2) State and local government agencies holding Federal contracts of \$10,000 or more shall also list all their suitable openings with the appropriate office of the State employment service.
  - (3) The listing of suitable employment openings with the State employment service system is required at least concurrently with using any other recruitment source or effort and involves the obligations of placing a bona fide job order, including accepting referrals of veterans and nonveterans. This listing does not require hiring any particular job applicant or hiring from any particular group of job applicants and is not intended to relieve the Contractor from any requirements of Executive orders or regulations concerning nondiscrimination in employment.
  - (4) Whenever the Contractor becomes contractually bound to the listing terms of this clause, it shall advise the State employment service system, in each State where it has establishments, of the name and location of each hiring location in the State. As long as the Contractor is contractually bound to these terms and has so advised the State system, it need not advise the State system of subsequent contracts. The Contractor may advise the State system when it is no longer bound by this contract clause.
  - (5) Under the most compelling circumstances, an employment opening may not be suitable for listing, includes situations when—
    - (i) The Government's needs cannot reasonably be supplied;
    - (ii) Listing would be contrary to national security; or
    - (iii) The requirement of listing would not be in the Government's interest.
- (d) Applicability. This clause does not apply to the listing of employment openings that occur and are filled outside the 50 States, the District of Columbia, the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico, Guam, and the Virgin Islands.
- (e) Postings.
  - (1) The Contractor agrees to post employment notices stating—

- (i) The Contractor's obligation under the law to take affirmative action to employ and advance in employment qualified disabled veterans and veterans of the Vietnam era; and
- (ii) The rights of applicants and employees.
- (2) These notices shall be posted in conspicuous places that are available to employees and applicants for employment. They shall be in a form prescribed by the Deputy Assistant Secretary for Federal Contract Compliance Programs, Department of Labor (Deputy Assistant Secretary), and provided by or through the Contracting Officer.
- (3) The Contractor shall notify each labor union or representative of workers with which it has a collective bargaining agreement or other contract understanding, that the Contractor is bound by the terms of the Act, and is committed to take affirmative action to employ, and advance in employment, qualified special disabled and Vietnam Era veterans.
- (f) Noncompliance. If the Contractor does not comply with the requirements of this clause, appropriate actions may be taken under the rules, regulations, and relevant orders of the Secretary issued pursuant to the Act.
- (g) Subcontracts. The Contractor shall include the terms of this clause in every subcontract or purchase order of \$10,000 or more unless exempted by rules, regulations, or orders of the Secretary. The Contractor shall act as specified by the Director to enforce the terms, including action for noncompliance.

## 7. AFFIRMATIVE ACTION FOR HANDICAPPED WORKERS

- (a) General.
  - (1) Regarding any position for which the employee or applicant for employment is qualified, the Contractor shall not discriminate against any employee or applicant because of physical or mental handicap. The Contractor agrees to take affirmative action to employ, advance in employment, and otherwise treat qualified handicapped individuals without discrimination based upon their physical or mental handicap in all employment practices such as --
    - (i) Employment;
    - (ii) Upgrading;
    - (iii) Demotion or transfer;
    - (iv) Recruitment;

- (v) Advertising;
- (vi) Layoff or termination;
- (vii) Rates of pay or other forms of compensation; and
- (viii) Selection for training, including apprenticeship.
- (2) The Contractor agrees to comply with the rules, regulations, and relevant orders of the Secretary of Labor (Secretary) issued under the Rehabilitation Act of 1973 (29 U.S.C. 793) (the Act), as amended.

#### (b) Postings.

- (1) The Contractor agrees to post employment notices stating (i) the Contractor's obligation under the law to take affirmative action to employ and advance in employment qualified handicapped individuals and (ii) the rights of applicants and employees.
- (2) These notices shall be posted in conspicuous places that are available to employees and applicants for employment. They shall be in a form prescribed by the Director, office of Federal Contract Compliance Programs, Department of Labor (Director), and provided by or through the Laboratory.
- (3) The Contractor shall notify each labor union or representative of workers with which it has a collective bargaining agreement or other contract understanding, that the Contractor is bound by the terms of Section 503 of the Act and is committed to take affirmative action to employ, and advance in employment, qualified physically and mentally handicapped individuals.
- (c) Noncompliance. If the Contractor does not comply with the requirements of this clause, appropriate actions may be taken under the rules, regulations, and relevant orders of the Secretary issued pursuant to the Act.
- (d) Subcontracts. The Contractor shall include the terms of this clause in every subcontract or purchase order in excess of \$2,500 unless exempted by rules, regulations, or orders of the Secretary. The Contractor shall act as specified by the Director to enforce the terms, including action for noncompliance.

#### 8. SECURITY

(a) Responsibility. It is the Contractor's duty to safeguard all classified information, special nuclear material, and other DOE property. The Contractor shall, in accordance with DOE security and counterintelligence regulations and requirements, be responsible for safeguarding all classified, unclassified sensitive and proprietary information and protecting against sabotage, espionage, loss

and theft of the classified unclassified sensitive, and proprietary matter in the Contractor's possession in connection with the performance of work under this contract. Except as otherwise expressly provided in this contract, the Contractor shall, upon completion or termination of this contract, transmit to the Laboratory or DOE any classified, unclassified sensitive, and proprietary matter in the possession of the Contractor or any person under the Contractor's control in connection with performance of this contract. If retention by the Contractor of any classified, unclassified sensitive and proprietary matter in the Contractor's possession is required after the completion or termination of the contract and such retention is approved by the Laboratory or DOE, the Contractor shall complete a certificate of possession to be furnished to the Laboratory or DOE specifying the classified, unclassified sensitive, and proprietary matter in the Contractor's possession are to be retained. The certification shall identify the items and types or categories of matter retained, the conditions governing the retention of the matter, and the period of retention, if known. If the retention is approved by the Laboratory or DOE, the security provisions of the contract shall continue to be applicable to the matter retained. Special nuclear material shall not be retained after the completion or termination of the contract.

- (b) Regulations. The Contractor agrees to comply with all safeguards, security and counterintelligence regulations and requirements of DOE in effect at the date of the award.
- (c) Definition of Classified Information. The term "classified information" means Restricted Data, Formerly Restricted Data, or National Security Information.
- (d) Definition of Restricted Data. The term "Restricted Data" means all data concerning (1) design, manufacture, or utilization of atomic weapons; (2) the production of special nuclear material; or (3) the use of special nuclear material in the production of energy, but shall not include data declassified or removed from the Restricted Data category pursuant to Section 142 of the Atomic Energy Act of 1954, as amended.
- (e) Definition of Formerly Restricted Data. The term "Formerly Restricted Data" means all data removed from the Restricted Data category under section 142 d. of the Atomic Energy Act of 1954, as amended.
- (f) Definition of National Security Information. The term "National Security Information" means any information or material, regardless of its physical form or characteristics, that is owned by, produced for or by, or is under the control of the United States Government, that has been determined pursuant to Executive Order 12356 or prior Orders to require protection against unauthorized disclosure, and which is so designated.
- (g) Definition of Special Nuclear Material (SNM). SNM means (1) plutonium, uranium enriched in the isotope 233 or in the isotope 235, and any other material which pursuant to the provisions of Section 51 of the Atomic Energy Act of 1954, as amended, has been determined to be special nuclear material, but does not include source material; or (2) any material artificially enriched by any of the foregoing, but does not include source material.

- (h) Security Clearance of Personnel. The Contractor shall not permit any individual to have access to any classified information, except in accordance with the Atomic Energy Act of 1954, as amended, Executive Order 12356, and the DOE's regulations or requirements applicable to the particular level and category of classified information to which access is required.
- (i) Criminal Liability. It is understood that disclosure of any classified information relating to the work or services ordered hereunder to any person not entitled to receive it, or failure to safeguard any classified information that may come to the Contractor or any person under the Contractor's control in connection with work under this contract, may subject the Contractor, its agents, employees, or subcontractors to criminal liability under the laws of the United States. (See the Atomic Energy Act of 1954, as amended, 42 U.S.C. 2100 et seq.; 18 U.S.C. 793 and 794; and Executive Order 12356).
- (j) Subcontracts and Purchase Orders. Except as otherwise authorized in writing by the Laboratory, the Contractor shall insert provisions similar to the foregoing in all subcontracts and purchase orders under this contract.

#### 9. CLASSIFICATION/DECLASSIFICATION

In the performance of work under this contract, the Contractor or subcontractor shall comply with all provisions of the Department of Energy's regulations and mandatory DOE directives which apply to work involving the classification and declassification of information, documents, or material. In this section, "information" means facts, data, or knowledge itself; "document" means the physical medium on or in which information is recorded; and "material" means a product or substance which contains or reveals information, regardless of its physical form or characteristics. Classified information is "Restricted Data" and "Formerly Restricted Data" (classified under the Atomic Energy Act of 1954, as amended) and the "National Security Information" (classified under Executive Order 12958 or prior Executive Orders).

The original decision to classify or declassify information is considered an inherently Government function. For this reason, only Government personnel may serve as original classifiers, i.e., Federal Government Original Classifiers. Other personnel (Government or Contractor) may serve as derivative classifiers which involves making classification decisions based upon classification guidance which reflect decisions made by Federal Government Original Classifiers.

The Contractor or subcontractor shall ensure that any document or material that may contain classified information is reviewed by either a Federal Government or a Contractor Derivative Classifier in mandatory accordance classification regulations with including DOE directives and classified/declassification guidance furnished to the Contractor by the Department of Energy to determine whether it contains classified information prior to dissemination. For information which is not addressed in classification/declassification guidance, but whose sensitivity appears to warrant classification, the Contractor of subcontractor shall ensure that such information is reviewed by a Federal Government Original Classifier.

In addition, the Contractor or subcontractor shall ensure that existing classified documents (containing either Restricted Data or Formerly Restricted Data or National Security Information) which are in its possession or under its control are periodically reviewed by a Federal Government or Contractor Derivative Declassifier in accordance with classification regulations, mandatory DOE directives and classification/declassification guidance furnished to the Contractor by the Department of Energy to determine if the documents are no longer appropriately classified. Priorities for declassification review of classified documents shall be based on the degree of public and researcher interest and the likelihood of declassification upon review. Documents which no longer contain classified information are to be declassified. Declassified documents then shall be reviewed to determine if they are publicly releasable. Documents which are declassified and determined to be publicly releasable are to be made available to the public in order to maximize the public's access to as much Government information as possible while minimizing security costs.

The Contractor or subcontractor shall insert this clause in any subcontract which involves or may involve access to classified information.

#### 10. CLEAN AIR AND WATER

(a) "Air Act," as used in this clause, means the Clean Air Act (42 U.S.C. 7401 et seq.).

"Clean air standards," as used in this clause, means --

- (1) Any enforceable rules, regulations, guidelines, standards, limitations, orders, controls, prohibitions, work practices, or other requirements contained in, issued under, or otherwise adopted under the Air Act or Executive Order 11738;
- (2) An applicable implementation plan as described in section 110(d) of the Air Act (42 U.S.C. 7410 (d));
- (3) An approved implementation procedure or plan under section 111(c) or section 111(d) of the Air Act (42 U.S.C. 7411 (c) or (d)); or
- (4) An approved implementation procedure under section 112(d) of the Air Act (42 U.S.C. 7412 (d)).

"Clean water standards," as used in this clause, means any enforceable limitation, control, condition, prohibition, standard, or other requirement promulgated under the Water Act or contained in a permit issued to a discharger by the Environmental Protection Agency or by a State under an approved program, as authorized by section 402 of the Water Act (33 U.S.C. 1342), or by local government to ensure compliance with pretreatment regulations as required by section 307 of the Water Act (33 U.S.C. 1317).

"Compliance," as used in this clause, means compliance with --

- (1) Clean air or water standards; or
- (2) A schedule or plan ordered or approved by a court of competent jurisdiction, the Environmental Protection Agency, or an air or water pollution control agency under the requirements of the Air Act or Water Act and related regulations.

"Facility," as used in this clause, means any building, plant, installation, structure, mine, vessel or other floating craft, location, or site of operations, owned, leased, or supervised by a Contractor or subcontractor, used in the performance of a contract or subcontract. When a location or site of operations includes more than one building, plant, installation, or structure, the entire location or site shall be deemed a facility except when the Administrator, or a designee, of the Environmental Protection Agency, determines that independent facilities are collocated in one geographical area.

"Water Act," as used in this clause, means Clean Water Act (33 U.S.C. 1251 et seq.)

- (b) The Contractor agrees --
  - (1) To comply with all the requirements of section 114 of the Clean Air Act (42 U.S.C. 7414) and section 308 of the Clean Water Act (33 U.S.C. 1318) relating to inspection, monitoring, entry, reports, and information, as well as other requirements specified in section 114 and section 308 of the Air Act and the Water Act, and all regulations and guidelines issued to implement those acts before the award of this contract;
  - (2) That no portion of the work required by this contract will be performed in a facility listed on the Environmental Protection Agency List of Violating Facilities on the date when this contract was awarded unless and until the EPA eliminates the name of the facility from the listing;
  - (3) To use best efforts to comply with clean air standards and clean water standards at the facility in which the contract is being performed; and
  - (4) To insert the substance of this clause into any nonexempt subcontract, including this subparagraph (b)(4).

#### 11. PREFERENCE FOR U.S.-FLAG AIR CARRIERS

(a) "International air transportation," as used in this clause, means transportation by air between a place in the United States and a place outside the United States or between two places both of which are outside the United States.

"United States," as used in this clause means the 50 States, the District of Columbia, the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico, and possessions of the United States.

"U.S.-flag air carrier," as used in this clause, means an air carrier holding a certificate under section 401 of the Federal Aviation Act of 1958 (49 U.S.C. 1371).

- (b) Section 5 of the International Air Transportation Fair Competitive Practices Act of 1974 (49 U.S.C. 1517) (Fly America Act) requires that all Federal agencies and Government contractors and subcontractors use U.S.-flag air carriers for U.S. Government-financed international air transportation of personnel (and their personal effects) or property, to the extent that service by those carriers is available. It requires the Comptroller General of the United States, in the absence of satisfactory proof of the necessity for foreign-flag air transportation, to disallow expenditures from funds, appropriated or otherwise established for the account of the United States, for international air transportation secured aboard a foreign-flag air carrier if a U.S.-flag air carrier is available to provide such services.
- (c) The Contractor agrees, in performing work under this contract, to use U.S.-flag air carriers for international air transportation of personnel (and their personal effects) or property to the extent that service by those carriers is available.
- (d) In the event that the Contractor selects a carrier other than a U.S.-flag air carrier for international air transportation, the Contractor shall include a certification on vouchers involving such transportation essentially as follows:

#### CERTIFICATION OF UNAVAILABILITY OF U.S.-FLAG AIR CARRIERS

5	1	1	` 1	/ .	
U.Sflag air carrier was not availa	able or it was r	necessary to	use foreign-fla	g air carrier serv	vice for the
following reasons (see section 47.40	03 of the Federa	al Acquisitio	n Regulation).	State reasons:	
`		<u>*</u>			
	(End of cert		••••••	••••••	••••••

I hereby certify that international air transportation of persons (and their personal effects) or property by

(e) The Contractor shall include the substance of this clause, including this paragraph (e), in each subcontract or purchase under this contract that may involve international air transportation.

## 12. PREFERENCE FOR PRIVATELY OWNED U.S.-FLAG COMMERCIAL VESSELS

- (a) The cargo Preference Act of 1954 (46 U.S.C. 1241(b)) requires that Federal departments and agencies shall transport in privately owned U.S.-flag commercial vessels at least 50 percent of the gross tonnage of equipment, materials, or commodities that may be transported in ocean vessels (computed separately for dry bulk carriers, dry cargo liners, and tankers). Such transportation shall be accomplished when any equipment, materials, or commodities, located within or outside the United States, that may be transported by ocean vessel are:
  - (1) Acquired for a U.S. Government agency account;

- (2) Furnished to, or for the account of, any foreign nation without provision for reimbursement;
- (3) Furnished for the account of a foreign nation in connection with which the United States advances funds or credits, or guarantees the convertibility of foreign currencies; or
- (4) Acquired with advance of funds, loans, or guarantees made by or on behalf of the United States.
- (b) The Contractor shall use privately owned U.S.-flag commercial vessels to ship at least 50 percent of the gross tonnage involved under this contract (computed separately for dry bulk carriers, dry cargo liners, and tankers) whenever shipping any equipment, materials, or commodities under the conditions set forth in paragraph (a) above, to the extent that such vessels are available at rates that are fair and reasonable for privately owned U.S.-flag commercial vessels.
- (c) (1) The Contractor shall submit one legible copy of a rated onboard ocean bill of lading for each shipment to both (i) the Contracting Officer and (ii) the Office of Cargo Preference, Maritime Administration (MAR-590), 400 Seventh Street, SW, Washington, D.C. 20590. Subcontractor bills of lading shall be submitted through the prime Contractor.
  - (2) The Contractor shall furnish these bill of lading copies (i) within twenty (20) working days of the date of loading for shipments originating in the United States or (ii) within thirty (30) working days for shipments originating outside the United States. Each bill of lading copy shall contain the following information:
    - (A) Sponsoring U.S. Government agency.
    - (B) Name of vessel.
    - (C) Vessel flag of registry.

#### 13. EXAMINATION OF RECORDS BY COMPTROLLER GENERAL

- (a) This clause applies if this contract exceeds \$10,000 and was entered into by negotiation.
- (b) The Comptroller General of the United States or a duly authorized representative from the General Accounting Office shall, until 3 years after final payment under this contract or for any shorter period specified in Federal Acquisition Regulation (FAR) Subpart 4.7, Contractor Records Retention, have access to and the right to examine any of the Contractor's directly pertinent books, documents, papers, or other records involving transactions related to this contract.

- (c) The Contractor agrees to include in first-tier subcontracts under this contract a clause to the effect that the Comptroller General or a duly authorized representative from the General Accounting Office shall, until 3 years after final payment under the subcontract or for any shorter period specified in FAR Subpart 4.7, have access to and the right to examine any of the subcontractor's directly pertinent books, documents, papers, or other records involving transactions related to the subcontract. "Subcontract," as used in this clause, excludes (1) purchase orders not exceeding \$10,000 and (2) subcontracts or purchase orders for public utility services at rates established to apply uniformly to the public, plus any applicable reasonable connection charge.
- (d) The periods of access and examination in paragraphs (b) and (c) above for records relating to (1) litigation or settlement of claims arising from the performance of this contract, or (2) costs and expenses of this contract to which the Comptroller General or a duly authorized representative from the General Accounting Office has taken exception shall continue until such litigation, claims, or exceptions are disposed of.

#### 14. APPLICABLE LAW

To the extent that Federal law does not exist and State law could become applicable to this contract, the law of Illinois shall apply.

## 15. UTILIZATION OF SMALL, SMALL DISADVANTAGED AND WOMEN-OWNED SMALL BUSINESS CONCERNS

- (a) It is the policy of the United States and the Laboratory that small business concerns, small business concerns owned and controlled by socially and economically disadvantaged individuals and small business concerns owned and controlled by women shall have the maximum practicable opportunity to participate in performing contracts let by any Federal agency, including contracts and subcontracts for subsystems, assemblies, components, and related services for major systems. It is further the policy of the United States and the Laboratory that its prime Contractors establish procedures to ensure the timely payment of amounts due pursuant to the terms of their subcontracts with small business concerns, small business concerns owned and controlled by socially and economically disadvantaged individuals and small business concerns owned and controlled by women.
- (b) The Contractor hereby agrees to carry out this policy in the awarding of subcontracts to the fullest extent consistent with efficient contract performance. The Contractor further agrees to cooperate in any studies or surveys as may be conducted by the United States Small Business Administration or the awarding agency of the United States as may be necessary to determine the extent of the Contractor's compliance with this clause.
- (c) As used in this contract, the term "small business concern" shall mean a small business as defined pursuant to Section 3 of the Small Business Act and relevant regulations promulgated pursuant

thereto. The term "small business concern owned and controlled by socially and economically disadvantaged individuals" shall mean a small business concern:

- (1) Which is at least 51 percent unconditionally owned by one or more socially and economically disadvantaged individuals; or, in the case of any publicly owned business, at least 51 per centum of the stock of which is unconditionally owned by one or more socially and economically disadvantaged individuals; and
- Whose management and daily business operations are controlled by one or more of such individuals. This term also means a small business concern that is at least 51 percent unconditionally owned by an economically disadvantaged Indian tribe or Native Hawaiian Organization, or a publicly owned business having at least 51 percent of its stock unconditionally owned by one of these entities which has its management and daily business controlled by members of an economically disadvantaged Indian tribe or Native Hawaiian Organization, and which meets the requirements of 13 CFR 124. The Contractor shall presume that socially and economically disadvantaged individuals include Black Americans, Hispanic Americans, Native Americans, Asian-Pacific Americans, Subcontinent Asian Americans and other minorities, or any other individual found to be disadvantaged by the Administration pursuant to Section 8(a) of the Small Business Act. The Contractor shall presume that socially and economically disadvantaged entities also include Indian tribes and Native Hawaiian Organizations.
- (d) The term "small business concern owned and controlled by women" shall mean a small business concern (i) which is at least 51 percent owned by one or more women, or, in the case of any publicly owned business, at least 51 percent of the stock of which is owned by one or more women, and (ii) whose management and daily business operations are controlled by one or more women; and
- (e) Contractors acting in good faith may rely on written representations by their subcontractors regarding their status as a small business concern, a small business concern owned and controlled by socially and economically disadvantaged individuals or a small business concern owned and controlled by women.

# 16. SMALL, SMALL DISADVANTAGED, AND WOMEN-OWNED SMALL BUSINESS SUBCONTRACTING PLAN

- (a) This clause does not apply to small business concerns.
- (b) "Commercial product", as used in this clause, means a product in regular production that is sold in substantial quantities to the general public and/or industry at established catalog or market prices. It also means a product which, in the opinion of the Contracting Officer or Laboratory Procurement Official, differs only insignificantly from the Contractor's commercial product.

"Subcontract", as used in this clause, means any agreement (other than one involving an employer-employee relationship) entered into by a Federal Government prime Contractor or

subcontractor calling for supplies or services required for performance of the contract or subcontract.

- (c) The offeror, upon request by the Contracting Officer or Laboratory Procurement Official, shall submit and negotiate a subcontracting plan, where applicable, which separately addresses subcontracting with small business concerns, with small disadvantaged business concerns and with women-owned small business concerns. If the offeror is submitting an individual contract plan, the plan must separately address subcontracting with small business concerns, with small disadvantaged business concerns and with women-owned small business concerns with a separate part for the basic contract and separate parts for each option (if any). The plan shall be included in and made a part of the resultant contract. The subcontracting plan shall be negotiated within the time specified by the Contracting Officer or Laboratory Procurement Official. Failure to submit and negotiate the subcontracting plan shall make the offeror ineligible for award of a contract.
- (d) The offeror's subcontracting plan shall include the following:
  - (1) Goals, expressed in terms of percentages of total planned subcontracting dollars, for the use of small business concerns, small disadvantaged business concerns and womenowned small business concerns as subcontractors. The offeror shall include all subcontracts that contribute to contract performance, and may include a proportionate share of products and services that are normally allocated as indirect costs.
  - (2) A statement of:
    - (i) Total dollars planned to be subcontracted;
    - (ii) Total dollars planned to be subcontracted to small business concerns;
    - (iii) Total dollars planned to be subcontracted to small disadvantaged business concerns, and
    - (iv) Total dollars planned to be subcontracted to women-owned small business concerns.
  - (3) A description of the principal types of supplies and services to be subcontracted, and an identification of the types planned for subcontracting to (i) small business concerns and (ii) small disadvantaged business concerns.
  - (4) A description of the method used to develop the subcontracting goals in subparagraph (d)(1) above.
  - (5) A description of the method used to identify potential sources for solicitation purposes (e.g., existing company source lists, Procurement Automated Source System (PASS) of the Small Business Administration, the National Minority Purchasing Council Vendor

Information Service, the Research and Information Division of the Minority Business Development Agency in the Department of Commerce, or small and small disadvantaged business concerns trade associations). A firm may rely on the information contained in PASS as an accurate representation of a concern's size and ownership characteristics for purposes of maintaining a small business source list. A firm may rely on PASS as its small business source list. Use of the PASS as its source list does not relieve a firm of its responsibilities (i.e., outreach, assistance, counseling, publicizing subcontracting opportunities) in this clause.

- (6) A statement as to whether or not the offeror included indirect costs in establishing subcontracting goals, and a description of the method used to determine the proportionate share of indirect costs to be incurred with (i) small business concerns and (ii) small disadvantaged business concerns.
- (7) The name of the individual employed by the offeror who will administer the offeror's subcontracting program, and a description of the duties of the individual.
- (8) A description of the efforts the offeror will make to assure that small business concerns and small disadvantaged business concerns have an equitable opportunity to compete for subcontracts.
- (9) Assurances that the offeror will include Clause 13, Utilization of Small, Small Disadvantaged and Women-Owned Small Business Concerns, in all subcontracts that offer further subcontracting opportunities, and that the offeror will require all subcontractors (except small business concerns) who receive subcontracts in excess of \$500,000 (\$1,000,000 for construction of any public facility), to adopt a plan similar to the plan agreed to by the offeror.
- (10) Assurances that the offeror will (i) cooperate in any studies or surveys as may be required, (ii) submit periodic reports in order to allow the Government or Laboratory to determine the extent of compliance by the offeror with the subcontracting plan, (iii) submit Standard Form (SF) 294, Subcontracting Report for Individual Contracts, and/or SF 295, Summary Subcontract Report, in accordance with the instructions on the forms, and (iv) ensure that its subcontractors agree to submit Standard Forms 294 and 295.
- (11) A recitation of the types of records the offeror will maintain to demonstrate procedures that have been adopted to comply with the requirements and goals in the plan, including establishing source lists; and a description of its efforts to locate small and small disadvantaged business concerns and award subcontracts to them. The records shall include at least the following (on a plant-wide or company-wide basis, unless otherwise indicated):
  - (i) Source lists, e.g., PASS guides, and other data that identify small and small disadvantaged business concerns.

- (ii) Organizations contacted in an attempt to locate sources that are small or small disadvantaged business concerns.
- (iii) Records on each subcontract solicitation resulting in an award of more than \$100,000, indicating (A) whether small business concerns were solicited and if not, why not, (B) whether small disadvantaged business concerns were solicited and if not, why not, and (C) if applicable, the reason award was not made to a small business concern.
- (iv) Records of any outreach efforts to contact (A) trade associations, (B) business development organizations, and (C) conferences and trade fairs to locate small and small disadvantaged business sources.
- (v) Records of internal guidance and encouragement provided to buyers through (A) workshops, seminars, training, etc., and (B) monitoring performance to evaluate compliance with the program's requirements.
- (vi) On a contract-by-contract basis, records to support award data submitted by the offeror to the Government or Laboratory, including the name, address, and business size of each subcontractor. Contractors having company or division-wide annual plans need not comply with this requirement.
- (e) In order to effectively implement this plan to the extent consistent with efficient contract performance, the Contractor shall perform the following functions:
  - (1) Assist small business and small disadvantaged business concerns by arranging solicitations, time for the preparation of bids, quantities, specifications, and delivery schedules so as to facilitate the participation by such concerns. Where the Contractor's lists of potential small business and small disadvantaged subcontractors are excessively long, reasonable effort shall be made to give all such small business concerns an opportunity to compete over a period of time.
  - Provide adequate and timely consideration of the potentialities of small business and small disadvantaged business concerns in all "make-or-buy" decisions.
  - (3) Counsel and discuss subcontracting opportunities with representatives of small and small disadvantaged business firms.
  - (4) Provide notice to subcontractors concerning penalties and remedies for misrepresentations of business status as small business or small disadvantaged business for the purpose of obtaining a subcontract that is to be included as part or all of a goal contained in the Contractor's subcontracting plan.
- (f) A master subcontracting plan on a plant or division-wide basis which contains all the elements required by paragraph (d) of this clause, except goals, may be incorporated by reference as a part

of the subcontracting plan required by the offeror by this clause; provided, (1) the master plan has been approved, (2) the offeror ensures that the master plan is updated as necessary and provides copies of the approved master plan, including evidence of its approval to the Contracting Officer or Laboratory Procurement Official, and (3) goals and any deviations from the master plan deemed necessary by the Contracting Officer or Laboratory Procurement Official to satisfy the requirements of this contract are set forth in the individual subcontracting plan.

- (g) (1) If a commercial product is offered, the subcontracting plan required by this clause may relate to the offeror's production generally, for both commercial and noncommercial products, rather than solely to this contract. In these cases, the offeror shall, with the concurrence of the Contracting Officer or Laboratory Procurement Official, submit one company-wide or division-wide annual plan.
  - (2) The annual plan shall be reviewed for approval by the agency awarding the offeror its first prime contract requiring a subcontracting plan during the fiscal year, or by an agency satisfactory to the Contracting Officer or Laboratory Procurement Official.
  - (3) The approved plan shall remain in effect during the offeror's fiscal year for all of the offeror's commercial products.
- (h) Prior compliance of the offeror with other subcontracting plans under previous contracts will be considered by the Contracting Officer or Laboratory Procurement Official in determining the responsibility of the offeror for award of the contract.
- (i) The failure of the Contractor or subcontractor to comply in good faith with (1) the clause of this contract entitled, "Utilization of Small, Small Disadvantaged and Women-Owned Small Business Concerns, or (2) an approved plan required by this Clause, shall be a material breach of the contract.

#### 17. NOTICE TO THE LABORATORY OF LABOR DISPUTES

- (a) If the Contractor has knowledge that any actual or potential labor dispute is delaying or threatens to delay the timely performance of this contract, the Contractor shall immediately give notice, including all relevant information, to the Laboratory.
- (b) The Contractor agrees to insert the substance of this clause, including this paragraph (b), in any subcontract to which a labor dispute may delay the timely performance of this contract: except that each subcontract shall provide that in the event its timely performance is delayed or threatened by delay by any actual or potential labor dispute, the subcontractor shall immediately notify the next higher tier subcontractor or the Contractor, as the case may be, of all relevant information concerning the dispute.

#### 18. REPORTS

The Contractor shall furnish intermediate reports to the Laboratory from time to time when requested, in such form and number as may be required by the Laboratory, summarizing activities of the Contractor under this contract and shall make such final reports as may be required by the Laboratory. All reports delivered to the Laboratory under this contract shall contain a signature page which will identify the persons preparing the report and the persons approving the report.

#### 19. CERTIFIED COST OR PRICING DATA

The following clause shall be inserted in all subcontracts where such subcontracts, and any modifications thereto, exceed the cost or pricing data threshold at FAR 15.403-4, even though the original amount of the subcontract was below the threshold.

## Certified Cost or Pricing Data:

- (a) (1) The subcontractor shall require under the situations described in (2) below, unless exempted under the exceptions set forth in (3) below, each sub-subcontractor under this subcontract to submit cost or pricing data and to certify that, to the best of his knowledge and belief, such cost or pricing data are accurate, complete and current.
  - (2) Except as provided in (a)(3) of this clause, certified cost or pricing data shall be submitted prior to (i) award of each sub-subcontract, the price of which is expected to exceed the cost or pricing data threshold at FAR 15.403-4, and (ii) the negotiation of the price of each change or modification to the sub-subcontract under this subcontract for which the price adjustment is expected to exceed the cost or pricing data threshold at FAR 15.403-4.
  - (3) Certified cost or pricing data need not be furnished pursuant to this paragraph (a) where
    - (i) the subcontractor has not been required to furnish cost or pricing data;
    - (ii) the price adjustment is based on adequate price competition, established catalog or market prices of commercial items sold in substantial quantities to the general public, or the prices are set by law or regulation; and the subcontractor states in writing the basis for applying this exception.
  - (4) In submitting the cost or pricing data, the sub-subcontractor shall use the form of certificate set forth in paragraph (b) of this section and shall certify that the data are accurate, complete, and current. Such certificate and data (actual or identified, as provided in the certificate prescribed below) shall be submitted by sub-subcontractors to the next higher-tier sub-subcontractor or the subcontractor, as applicable, for retention.

(b) The certificates required by this clause shall be in the form set forth below.

#### SUBCONTRACTOR'S CERTIFICATE OF CURRENT COST OR PRICING DATA:

This is to certify that, to the best of my knowledge and belief, the cost or pricing data (as defined					
in section 15.401 of the Federal Acquisition Regulation (FAR) and required under FAR					
subsection 15.403-4) submitted, either actually or by specific identification in writing, to the					
contracting officer or to the contracting officer's representative in support of					
* are accurate, complete, and current as of**.					
This certification includes the cost or pricing data supporting any advance agreements and					
forward pricing rate agreements between the offeror and the Government that are part of the					
proposal.					
Firm					
Name					
Title					
Date of execution***					

- \* Identify the proposal, quotation, request for price adjustment, or other submission involved, giving the appropriate identifying number (e.g., RFP No.).
- \*\* Insert the day, month, and year when price negotiations were concluded and price agreement was reached, or if applicable, an earlier date agreed upon between the parties that is as close as practicable to the date of agreement on price.
- \*\*\* Insert the day, month, and year of signing, which should be as close as practicable to the date when the price negotiations were concluded and the contract price was agreed to.
- (c) For purposes of verifying that certified cost or pricing data submitted in conjunction with the negotiation of this subcontract change or other modification involving an amount in excess of the cost or pricing data threshold at FAR 15.403-4, were accurate, complete, and current, the Laboratory or any of its authorized representatives shall, until the expiration of three (3) years from the date of final payment under this subcontract, have the right to examine those books, records, documents, papers, and other supporting data which involve transactions related to this subcontract or which will permit adequate evaluation of the cost or pricing data submitted, along with the computations and projections used therein.
- (d) If the original price of this subcontract exceeds the cost or pricing data threshold at FAR 15.403-4 or the price of any change or other modification to this subcontract is expected to exceed the cost or pricing data threshold at FAR 15.403-4, the subcontractor agrees to furnish the Contractor certified cost or pricing data, using the certificate set forth in paragraph (b) of this clause, unless the price is based on adequate price competition, established catalog or market prices of

commercial items sold in substantial quantities to the general public, or prices set by law or regulation.

- (e) The requirement for submission of certified cost or pricing data with respect to any change or other modification does not apply to any sub-subcontract change or other modification, at any tier, where the subcontract is firm fixed-price or fixed-price with escalation unless such change or other modification result from a change or modification to the subcontract, nor does it apply to a sub-subcontract change or modification, at any tier, where the subcontract is not firm fixed-price or fixed-price with escalation unless the price for such change or other modification becomes reimbursable under the subcontract.
- (f) The subcontractor agrees to insert paragraph (c) of this clause without change and the substance of paragraphs (a), (b), (d), (e), and (f) of this clause in each sub-subcontract hereunder in excess of the cost or pricing data threshold at FAR 15.403-4 and in each sub-subcontract that is less than the threshold when making a change or other modification thereto in excess of the cost or pricing data threshold at FAR 15.403-4.
- (g) If the prime Contractor determines that any price, including profit or fee, negotiated in connection with this subcontract or any cost reimbursable under this subcontract was increased by any significant sums because the subcontractor, or any sub-subcontractor pursuant to this clause or any sub-subcontract clause herein required, furnished incomplete or inaccurate cost or pricing data or data not current as certified in the subcontractor's certificate of current cost or pricing data, then such price or cost shall be reduced accordingly and the contract shall be modified, in writing, to reflect such reduction.

## 20. SPECIFICATIONS AND DRAWINGS FOR CONSTRUCTION

- (a) The Contractor shall keep on the work site a copy of the drawings and specifications and shall at all times give the Laboratory access thereto. Anything mentioned in the specifications and not shown on the drawings, or shown on the drawings and not mentioned in the specifications, shall be of like effect as if shown or mentioned in both. In case of difference between drawings and specifications, the specifications shall govern. In case of discrepancy in the figures, in the drawings, or in the specifications, the matter shall be promptly submitted to the Laboratory, who shall promptly make a determination in writing. Any adjustment by the Contractor without such a determination shall be at its own risk and expense. The Laboratory shall furnish from time to time such detailed drawings and other information as considered necessary, unless otherwise provided.
- (b) Wherever in the specifications or upon the drawings the words "directed," "required," "ordered," "designated," "prescribed," or words of like import are used, it shall be understood that the "direction," "requirement," "order," designation," or "prescription," of the Laboratory is intended and similarly the words "approved," "acceptable," "satisfactory," or words of like import shall mean "approved by," or "acceptable to," or "satisfactory to" the Laboratory, unless otherwise expressly stated.

- (c) Where "as shown," "as indicated," "as detailed," or words of similar import are used, it shall be understood that the reference is made to the drawings accompanying this contract unless stated otherwise. The word "provided" as used herein shall be understood to mean "provide complete in place," that is "furnished and installed."
- (d) Shop drawings means drawings submitted to the Laboratory by the Contractor, subcontractor, any lower tier subcontractor pursuant to a construction contract, showing in detail (1) the proposed fabrication and assembly of structural elements and (2) the installation (i.e., form, fit, and attachment details) of materials of equipment. It includes drawings, diagrams, layouts, schematics, descriptive literature, illustrations, schedules, performance and test data, and similar materials furnished by the Contractor to explain in detail specific portions of the work required by the contract. The Laboratory may duplicate, use, and disclose in any manner and for any purpose shop drawings delivered under this contract.
- (e) If this contract requires shop drawings, the Contractor shall coordinate all such drawings, and review them for accuracy, completeness, and compliance with contract requirements and shall indicate its approval thereon as evidence of such coordination and review. Shop drawings submitted to the Laboratory without evidence of the Contractor's approval may be returned for resubmission. The Laboratory will indicate an approval or disapproval of the shop drawings and if not approved as submitted shall indicate the Laboratory's reasons therefor. Any work done before such approval shall be at the Contractor's risk. Approval by the Laboratory shall not relieve the Contractor from responsibility for any errors or omissions in such drawings, nor from responsibility for complying with the requirements of this contract, except with respect to variations described and approved in accordance with (f) below.
- (f) If shop drawings show variations from the contract requirements, the Contractor shall describe such variations in writing, separate from the drawings, at the time of submission. If the Laboratory approves any such variation, the Laboratory shall issue an appropriate contract modification, except that, if the variation is minor or does not involve a change in price or in time of performance, a modification need not be issued.
- (g) The Contractor shall submit to the Laboratory for approval four copies (unless otherwise indicated) of all shop drawings as called for under the various headings of these specifications. Three sets (unless otherwise indicated) of all shop drawings, will be retained by the Laboratory and one set will be returned to the Contractor. Upon completing the work under this contract, the Contractor shall furnish a complete set of reproducibles of all shop drawings as finally approved. These drawings shall show all changes and revisions made up to the time the equipment is completed and accepted.
- (h) This clause shall be included in all subcontracts at any tier.

#### 21. SITE INVESTIGATION AND CONDITIONS AFFECTING THE WORK

- (a) The Contractor acknowledges that it has taken steps reasonably necessary to ascertain the nature and location of the work, and that it has investigated and satisfied itself as to the general and local conditions which can affect the work or its cost, including but not limited to (1) conditions bearing upon transportation, disposal, handling, and storage of materials; (2) the availability of labor, water, electric power, and roads; (3) uncertainties of weather, river stages, tides, or similar physical conditions at the site; (4) the conformation and conditions of the ground; and (5) the character of equipment and facilities needed preliminary to and during work performance. The Contractor also acknowledges that it has satisfied itself as to the character, quality, and quantity of surface and subsurface materials or obstacles to be encountered insofar as this information is reasonably ascertainable from an inspection of the site, including all exploratory work done by the Laboratory, as well as from the drawings and specifications made a part of this contract. Any failure of the Contractor to take the actions described and acknowledged in this paragraph will not relieve the Contractor from responsibility for estimating properly the difficulty and cost of successfully performing the work, or for proceeding to successfully perform the work without additional expense to the Laboratory.
- (b) The Laboratory assumes no responsibility for any conclusions or interpretations made by the Contractor based on the information made available by the Laboratory. Nor does the Laboratory assume responsibility for any understanding reached or representation made concerning conditions which can affect the work by any of its officers or agents before the execution of this contract, unless that understanding or representation is expressly stated in this contract.

#### 22. DIFFERING SITE CONDITIONS

- (a) The Contractor shall promptly, and before the conditions are disturbed, give a written notice to the Laboratory of (1) subsurface or latent physical conditions at the site which differ materially from those indicated in this contract, or (2) unknown physical conditions at the site, of an unusual nature, which differ materially from those ordinarily encountered and generally recognized as inhering in work of the character provided for in the contract.
- (b) The Laboratory shall investigate the site conditions promptly after receiving the notice. If the conditions do materially so differ and cause an increase or decrease in the Contractor's cost of, or the time required for, performing any part of the work under this contract, whether or not changed as a result of the conditions, an equitable adjustment shall be made under this clause and the contract modified in writing accordingly.
- (c) No request by the Contractor for an equitable adjustment to the contract under this clause shall be allowed, unless the Contractor has given the written notice required; provided, that the time prescribed in (a) above for giving written notice may be extended by the Laboratory.
- (d) No request by the Contractor for an equitable adjustment to the contract for differing site conditions shall be allowed if made after final payment under this contract.

#### 23. CHANGES

- (a) The authorized Laboratory Procurement Official may, at any time, without notice to the sureties, if any, by written order designated or indicated to be a change order, make changes in the work within the general scope of the contract, including changes --
  - (1) In the specifications (including drawings and designs);
  - (2) In the method or manner of performance of the work;
  - (3) In the Laboratory-furnished facilities, equipment, materials, services, or site; or
  - (4) Directing acceleration in the performance of the work.
- (b) Any other written or oral order (which, as used in this paragraph (b), includes direction, instruction, interpretation, or determination) from the authorized Laboratory Procurement Official that causes a change shall be treated as a change order under this clause; provided, that the Contractor gives the Laboratory written notice stating (1) the date, circumstances, and source of the order and (2) that the Contractor regards the order as a change order.
- (c) Except as provided in this clause, no order, statement, or conduct of the Laboratory shall be treated as a change under this clause or entitle the Contractor to an equitable adjustment.
- (d) If any change under this clause causes an increase or decrease in the Contractor's cost of, or the time required for, the performance of any part of the work under this contract, whether or not changed by any such order, the Laboratory shall make an equitable adjustment and modify the contract in writing. However, except for a "proposal for adjustment" (hereafter referred to as proposal) based on defective specifications, no proposal for any change under paragraph (b) above shall be allowed for any costs incurred more than 20 days before the Contractor gives written notice as required. In the case of defective specifications for which the Laboratory is responsible, the equitable adjustment shall include any increased cost reasonably incurred by the Contractor in attempting to comply with the defective specifications.
- (e) The Contractor must submit any proposal under this clause within 30 days after (1) receipt of a written change order under paragraph (a) above or (2) the furnishing of a written notice under paragraph (b) above, by submitting to the Laboratory a written statement describing the general nature and amount of the proposal, unless this period is extended by the Laboratory. The statement of proposal for adjustment may be included in the notice under paragraph (b) above.
- (f) No proposal by the Contractor for an equitable adjustment shall be allowed if asserted after final payment under this contract.
- (g) Nothing in this clause shall excuse the Contractor from proceeding with the contract as changed.

#### 24. SUPERINTENDENCE BY THE CONTRACTOR

At all times during performance of this contract and until the work is completed and accepted, the Contractor shall directly superintend the work or assign and have on the work a competent superintendent who is satisfactory to the Laboratory and has authority to act for the Contractor.

#### 25. MATERIAL AND WORKMANSHIP

- (a) All equipment, material, and articles incorporated into the work covered by this contract shall be new and of the most suitable grade for the purpose intended, unless otherwise specifically provided in this contract. References in the specifications to equipment, material, articles, or patented processes by trade name, make, or catalog number, shall be regarded as establishing a standard of quality and shall not be construed as limiting competition. The Contractor may, at its option, use any equipment, material, article, or process that, in the judgment of the Laboratory, is equal to that named in the specifications, unless otherwise specifically provided in this contract.
- (b) The Contractor shall obtain the Laboratory's approval of the machinery and mechanical and other equipment to be incorporated into the work. When requesting approval, the Contractor shall furnish to the Laboratory the name of the manufacturer, the model number and other information concerning the performance, capacity, nature and rating of the machinery and mechanical and other equipment. When required by this contract or by the Laboratory, the Contractor shall also obtain the Laboratory's approval of the material or articles which the Contractor contemplates incorporating into the work. When requesting approval, the Contractor shall provide full information concerning the material or articles.

When directed to do so, the Contractor shall submit samples for approval at the Contractor's expense, with all shipping charges prepaid. Machinery, equipment, material, and articles that do not have the required approval shall be installed or used at the risk of subsequent rejection.

(c) All work under this contract shall be performed in a skillful and workmanlike manner. The Laboratory may require, in writing, that the Contractor remove from the work any employee the Laboratory deems incompetent, careless, or otherwise objectionable.

#### 26. PAYMENTS

- (a) The Laboratory shall pay the Contractor the contract price as provided in this contract.
- (b) The Laboratory shall make progress payments monthly as the work proceeds, or at more frequent intervals as determined by the Laboratory, on estimates approved by the Laboratory. If requested by the Laboratory, the Contractor shall furnish a breakdown of the total contract price showing the amount included therein for each principal category of the work, in such detail as requested,

to provide a basis for determining progress payments. In the preparation of estimates the Laboratory may authorize material delivered on the site and preparatory work done to be taken into consideration. Material delivered to the Contractor at locations other than the site may also be taken into consideration if --

- (1) Consideration is specifically authorized by this contract; and
- (2) The Contractor furnishes satisfactory evidence that it has acquired title to such material and that the material will be used to perform this contract.
- (c) In making these progress payments, there shall be retained 10 percent of the estimated amount until final completion and acceptance of the contract work. However, if the Laboratory finds that satisfactory progress was achieved during any period for which a progress payment is to be made, the Laboratory may authorize payment to be made in full without retention of a percentage. When the work is substantially complete, the Laboratory shall retain an amount that the Laboratory considers adequate protection of the Laboratory and may release to the Contractor all or a portion of any excess amount. Also, on completion and acceptance of each separate building, public work, or other division of the contract, for which the price is stated separately in the contract, payment may be made for the completed work without retention of a percentage.
- (d) All material and work covered by progress payments made shall, at the time of payment, become the sole property of the Government, but this shall not be construed as --
  - (1) Relieving the Contractor from the sole responsibility for all material and work upon which payments have been made or the restoration of any damaged work; or
  - (2) Waiving the right of the Laboratory to require the fulfillment of all of the terms of the contract.
- (e) The Laboratory shall, after receipt of a proper invoice, reimburse the Contractor for the entire amount of premiums paid for performance and payment bonds (including coinsurance and reinsurance agreements, when applicable) after furnishing evidence of full payment to the surety.
- (f) The Laboratory shall pay the amount due the Contractor under this contract after --
  - (1) Completion and acceptance of all work;
  - (2) Presentation of a properly executed voucher; and
  - (3) Presentation of release of all claims against the Laboratory and the Government arising by virtue of this contract, other than claims, in stated amounts, that the Contractor has specifically excepted from the operation of the release. A release may also be required of the assignee if the Contractor's claim to amounts payable under this contract has been assigned.

(g) Terms: Net thirty (30) days.

#### 27. INSPECTION OF CONSTRUCTION

- (a) Definition. "Work" includes, but is not limited to, materials, workmanship, and manufacture and fabrication of components.
- (b) The Contractor shall maintain an adequate inspection system and perform such inspections as will ensure that the work called for by this contract conforms to contract requirements. The Contractor shall maintain complete inspection records and make them available to the Laboratory. All work shall be conducted under the general direction of the Laboratory and is subject to Laboratory inspection and test at all places and at all reasonable times before acceptance to ensure strict compliance with the terms of the contract.
- (c) Laboratory inspections and tests are for the sole benefit of the Laboratory and do not--
  - (1) Relieve the Contractor of responsibility for providing adequate quality control measures;
  - (2) Relieve the Contractor of responsibility for damage to or loss of the material before acceptance;
  - (3) Constitute or imply acceptance; or
  - (4) Affect the continuing rights of the Laboratory after acceptance of the completed work under paragraph (i) below.
- (d) The presence or absence of a Laboratory inspector does not relieve the Contractor from any contract requirement, nor is the inspector authorized to change any term or condition of the specification without the Laboratory's written authorization.
- (e) The Contractor shall promptly furnish, without additional charge, all facilities, labor, and material reasonably needed for performing such safe and convenient inspections and tests as may be required by the Laboratory. The Laboratory may charge to the Contractor any additional cost of inspection or test when work is not ready at the time specified by the Contractor for inspection or test, or when prior rejection makes reinspection or retest necessary. The Laboratory shall perform all inspections and tests in a manner that will not unnecessarily delay the work. Special, full size, and performance tests shall be performed as described in the contract.
- (f) The Contractor shall, without charge, replace or correct work found by the Laboratory not to conform to contract requirements, unless in the public interest the Laboratory consents to accept the work with an appropriate adjustment in contract price. The Contractor shall promptly segregate and remove rejected material from the premises.

- (g) If the Contractor does not promptly replace or correct rejected work, the Laboratory may (1) by contract or otherwise, replace or correct the work and charge the cost to the Contractor or (2) terminate for default the Contractor's right to proceed.
- (h) If, before acceptance of the entire work, the Laboratory decides to examine already completed work by removing it or tearing it out, the Contractor, on request, shall promptly furnish all necessary facilities, labor, and material. If the work is found to be defective or nonconforming in any material respect due to the fault of the Contractor or its subcontractors, the Contractor shall defray the expenses of the examination and of satisfactory reconstruction. However, if the work is found to meet contract requirements, the Laboratory shall make an equitable adjustment for the additional services involved in the examination and reconstruction, including, if completion of the work was thereby delayed, an extension of time.
- (i) Unless otherwise specified in the contract, the Laboratory shall accept, as promptly as practicable after completion and inspection, all work required by the contract or that portion of the work the Laboratory determines can be accepted separately. Acceptance shall be final and conclusive except for latent defects, fraud, gross mistakes amounting to fraud, or the Laboratory's rights under any warranty or guarantee.

### 28. SCHEDULES FOR CONSTRUCTION CONTRACTS

- (a) The Contractor shall, within five days after the work commences on the contract or another period of time determined by the Laboratory, prepare and submit to the Laboratory for approval three copies of a practicable schedule showing the order in which the Contractor proposes to perform the work, and the dates on which the Contractor contemplates starting and completing the several salient features of the work (including acquiring materials, plant, and equipment). The schedule shall be in the form of a progress chart of suitable scale to indicate appropriately the percentage of work scheduled for completion by any given date during the period. If the Contractor fails to submit a schedule within the time prescribed, the Laboratory may withhold approval of progress payments until the Contractor submits the required schedule.
- (b) The Contractor shall enter the actual progress on the chart as directed by the Laboratory, and upon doing so shall immediately deliver three copies of the annotated schedule to the Laboratory. If, in the opinion of the Laboratory, the Contractor falls behind the approved schedule, the Contractor shall take steps necessary to improve its progress, including those that may be required by the Laboratory, without additional cost to the Laboratory. In this circumstance, the Laboratory may require the Contractor to increase the number of shifts, overtime operations, days of work, and/or the amount of construction plant, and to submit for approval any supplementary schedule or schedules, in chart form as the Laboratory deems necessary to demonstrate how the approved rate of progress will be regained.
- (c) Failure of the Contractor to comply with the requirements of the Laboratory under this clause shall be grounds for a determination by the Laboratory that the Contractor is not prosecuting the work with sufficient diligence to ensure completion within the time specified in the contract.

Upon making this determination, the Laboratory may terminate the Contractor's right to proceed with the work, or any separable part of it, in accordance with the default terms of this contract.

#### 29. PERMITS AND RESPONSIBILITIES

The Contractor shall, without additional expense to the Laboratory, be responsible for obtaining any necessary licenses and permits, and for complying with any Federal, State, and municipal laws, codes, and regulations applicable to the performance of the work. The Contractor shall also be responsible for all damages to persons or property that occur as a result of the Contractor's fault or negligence, and shall take proper safety and health precautions to protect the work, the workers, the public, and the property of others. The Contractor shall also be responsible for all materials delivered and work performed until completion and acceptance of the entire work, except for any completed unit of work which may have been accepted under the contract.

#### 30. USE AND POSSESSION PRIOR TO COMPLETION

- (a) The Laboratory shall have the right to take possession of or use any completed or partially completed part of the work. Before taking possession of or using any work, the Laboratory shall furnish the Contractor a list of items of work remaining to be performed or corrected on those portions of the work that the Laboratory intends to take possession of or use. However, failure of the Laboratory to list any item of work shall not relieve the Contractor of responsibility for complying with the terms of the contract. The Laboratory's possession or use shall not be deemed an acceptance of any work under the contract.
- (b) While the Laboratory has such possession or use, the Contractor shall be relieved of the responsibility for the loss of or damage to the work resulting from the Laboratory's possession or use, notwithstanding the terms of the clause in this contract entitled "Permits and Responsibilities." If prior possession or use by the Laboratory delays the progress of the work or causes additional expense to the Contractor, an equitable adjustment shall be made in the contract price or the time of completion, and the contract shall be modified in writing accordingly.

## 31. ENVIRONMENT, SAFETY AND HEALTH

The Contractor shall take all reasonable precautions in the performance of the work under this contract to pct the safety and health of employees and of members of the public and to protect the environment. This includes compliance with all the applicable environment, safety and health regulations and requirements, including reporting requirements of DOE as identified by the Laboratory in writing from time to time. The regulations and requirements include Title 29 of the Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) including but not limited to parts 1910 and 1926, Title 40 CFR, Protection of Environment, and 49 CFR, Transportation as well as other applicable state, federal, and local regulations for construction. The Laboratory shall notify the Contractor, in writing, of any noncompliance with the provisions of this clause and the corrective action to be taken, which may include suspension of employees from the site. After

receipt of such notice, the Contractor shall immediately take corrective action. In the event the Contractor fails to comply with regulations and requirements of this clause, the Laboratory may, without prejudice to any other legal and contractual rights of DOE or the Laboratory, issue an order stopping all or any part of the work. The Contractor shall promptly evaluate and resolve any noncompliance with applicable ES&H requirements. If the Contractor fails to provide resolution or if, at any time, the Contractor's acts or failure to act causes substantial harm or an imminent danger to the environment or health and safety of employees or the public, the Laboratory Procurement Official may issue an order stopping work in whole or in part. Any stop work order issued by a Laboratory Procurement Official under this clause (or issued by the Contractor to a subcontractor shall be without prejudice to any other legal or contractual rights of the Government/Laboratory. In the event that the Laboratory Procurement Official issues a stop work order, an order authorizing the resumption of the work may be issued at the discretion of the Laboratory Procurement Official. The Contractor shall not be entitled to an extension of time or additional fee or damages by reason of, or in connection with, any work stoppage ordered in accordance with this clause. In the event the Laboratory subsequently issues an order to the Contractor to resume work, the Contractor shall make no claim for an extension of time or for compensation for damages by reason of, or in connection with, such work stoppage. The Contractor shall assure that all its employees and all subcontractors are aware of and are following the Contractor's approved safety and health program as well as all regulations in this clause.

The Laboratory Procurement Official, the Laboratory Construction Management, Project Manager, Laboratory ESH Representatives, and the Manager, Department of Energy, Argonne Group have the authority to stop work activity which is deemed to be in imminent danger of causing a fatality or serious injury.

## A. Reporting Requirements

- 1. The Contractor's supervisor shall call the Construction Management Office by 8:00 AM every day and report his company name, the contract number, and the number of employees, including both his and those of his subcontractor(s), expected on site that day. The phone number is 630-252-7200.
- 2. All accidents and unauthorized releases to the environment occurring at the Laboratory site must be reported immediately by dialing 911 from a Laboratory telephone or pay phone, or 630-252-1911 from a cellular phone. The accident or unauthorized release must be reported immediately to the Construction Field Representative. In addition, the form ESH-197, "Argonne National Laboratory Accident/Incident Investigation Report" shall be submitted to the Construction Field Representative within 24 hours. The types of emergencies that must be reported include but are not limited to: fire, explosion, personnel injury/illness, security incident, vehicle accident, utility failure, tornado sighting, possible contamination incident, toxic, or flammable material spill or release.

- 3. The Contractor is not authorized to dispose of any material on-site unless written approvals are obtained from the Laboratory. This includes but is not limited to the use of garbage and recycling dumpsters, the sinks in buildings, and discharges to the sewer systems.
- 4. The "Laboratory's Construction Safety Statistics Report" which summarizes the number of man-hours worked, injuries, lost time accidents, and number of days lost shall be submitted to the Construction Field Representative monthly. The report shall be submitted on or before the second work day of the following month, and upon completion of the contract.
- B. Contractor Environment, Safety and Heath (ES&H) Program and Implementation Plan
  - 1. Within ten (10) calendar days after award of the contract, the Contractor shall submit its ES&H Program and Implementation Plan encompassing all applicable aspects of Title 29 of the Code of Federal Regulations including Part 1910, "OSHA Safety and Health Standards for General Industry", Part 1926, "Safety and Health Regulations for Construction", and 40 CFR, "Protection of Environment". The Contractor is required to comply with the requirements set forth in its plan. The Contractor ES&H Program and Implementation Plan must be signed by a responsible company officer and as a minimum shall include the provisions set forth below.
    - a. A statement of the Contractor's ES&H policy;
    - b. The name and qualifications of the Contractor's ESH Representative and alternate and the names of competent persons for excavation, scaffolding, and confined space entry, etc., as required by the work conditions;
    - c. The frequency of regular safety inspections to be conducted by the Contractor;
    - d. The schedule of weekly tool box meetings to be held with Contractor employees to emphasize project safety and health, environmental protection, and fire prevention;
    - e. The locations at which the "Occupational Safety and Health Protection Poster" (form DOE-F-5480.1) will be posted on the Contractor's bulletin board and at which the "Occupational Safety and Health Complaint" forms will be available to employees;
    - f. Implementation of all ES&H requirements listed in the contract, including the specifications;
    - g. Environmental Protection Program i.e., procedure employed to accomplish pollution prevention, waste minimization, and prevention of environmental insults;
    - h. Employee's right to file a complaint with DOE;

- i. Drug-Free Workplace requirements; and
- j. Disciplinary policy and procedures.
- 2. The Contractor's ES&H Program and Implementation Plan will be reviewed for compliance with the requirements established above. (A guide for the development of the plan was included in the solicitation documents.) If found to be in compliance, the Laboratory will approve the plan. Otherwise it will be returned to the Contractor with comments on areas not in compliance. A pre-construction meeting will be held, and field work will begin only after the plan is approved. Any revisions subsequent to the initial approval shall be submitted and approved prior to the Contractor's implementation of these revisions.
- 3. The Contractor is responsible for reviewing and approving its subcontractors' ES&H Program(s) and Implementation Plan(s) which must comply with the requirements of this contract prior to commencement of work on site.
- 4. If the Contractor has an approved ES&H Program and Implementation Plan on file with the Laboratory, revisions necessary to address new work shall be submitted, reviewed, and approved prior to commencing new work.

## C. Job Environmental Protection Plan

To the extent required by the project specifications, an Environmental Protection Plan shall be prepared by the Contractor. Within ten (10) days or sooner after the award of the contract, the Contractor shall submit an Environmental Protection Plan which complies with the applicable environmental requirements. The requirements will be detailed in the project specifications. The Laboratory must approve the Contractor's Environmental Plan before the project can begin .

The Environmental Plan must be reviewed if any changes are made to the project work scope. If revisions are required the Plan shall be updated by the Contractor and approved by the Laboratory prior to the revised work scope taking place.

## D. Job Safety Analysis (JSA)

- 1. The Contractor must submit within ten (10) days after contract award and have approved, prior to the pre-construction meeting, a job safety analysis which details the specific hazards associated with each phase of the job as well as the mitigating actions the Contractor shall take to reduce the risk of injury. Material Safety Data Sheets (MSDSs) are to be submitted as part of this analysis. (A sample JSA form was provided in the solicitation documents.)
- 2. Specific procedures in the areas of fall protection, excavation, trenching, confined space, and hoisting and rigging are required as job conditions dictate. Plans to address these

activities must be submitted and approved prior to starting work. Names and qualifications of competent persons as defined by OSHA must be submitted for approval a minimum of seven (7) days prior to the start of those activities. Laboratory approval must be obtained prior to starting any job activity requiring an OSHA-defined competent person.

- 3. The Contractor's ES&H representative shall provide a Job Safety Orientation to all Contractor and subcontractor employees prior to their starting work. The orientation as a minimum shall include a review of the JSA, all related permits and plans, and a review of the emergency numbers, egress routes and assembly points. Each Contractor employee shall sign the Job Safety Analysis form to indicate having received the orientation. The signature list shall be submitted to the Laboratory at the end of the first work day and throughout the duration of the contract when signatures are added. (The subjects to be covered by the orientation are listed in the solicitation documents).
- 4. The Job Safety Analysis must be formally revised to incorporate any changes determined during construction. The revisions must be approved prior to the activity taking place. All employees affected by any revisions shall be notified and advised by the Contractor.

## E. Contractor ES&H Representative

Contractors shall designate and identify a competent member of their organization whose duty shall be the implementation of the Contractor's ES&H program on the Laboratory site.

- 1. The Contractor shall submit the names and qualifications of the ESH Representative and alternates to the Laboratory for approval prior to assignment of duties.
- 2. The ES&H Representative shall attend the pre-construction meeting and be present at all times work is being performed on site. If the ES&H Representative must be off site, the Contractor shall notify the Laboratory of an alternate.
- 3. Duties include, but are not limited to: enforcing the company safety program as well as ANL requirements, providing job specific safety orientation, prevention of accidents, investigation of incidents/accidents, making daily inspections, and reporting safety related information.
- 4. The ES&H Representative must have the authority to stop work and change the operation to correct any deficiencies or to eliminate any hazards observed.
- 5. The ES&H Representative shall have taken, as a minimum, training equivalent to the OSHA 10 hour training course in construction safety before field work at ANL begins. Documented evidence of attendance, signed by the OSHA certified instructor, shall be submitted to the Laboratory for approval.

# F. Environment, Safety and Health Documentation

The Contractor shall submit the following documents, current certificates, etc. as required:

- 1. Equipment inspection documentation required by 29 CFR 1926, Subpart N must be with the equipment and shall be approved by the Laboratory prior to use. This includes personnel lifts, cranes, augers, suspended scaffolds, winches, spreader beams, and lifting devices.
- 2. If the Contractor intends to administer first aid or Cardio Pulmonary Resuscitation (CPR), the Contractor must comply with 29 CFR 1926, and supply a list of the names of employees who will administer first aid or CPR, along with current certification. This list shall be part of the Construction Job Safety Analysis.
- 3. Material Safety Data Sheets (MSDSs) must be maintained by the Contractor at the job site. MSDSs for all products and materials brought on site shall be posted on the Contractor's bulletin board accessible to all workers on the job site. In addition, all MSDSs must be submitted as part of the Construction Job Safety Analysis.
- 4. Pressure vessel certificates per 29 CFR 1926.29 must be submitted and approved prior to use.
- 5. Documentation of employee training and/or proof of proficiency required by OSHA shall be submitted for approval prior to commencement of work. Examples include CPR certifications, confined space training, competent persons for excavations and scaffolding, and fall protection training.
- 6. The Contractor shall, without additional expense to the Laboratory, be responsible for obtaining all necessary environmental licenses and permits.

## G. Variances

Requests for exceptions to Laboratory environment, health, and safety requirements, Contractor's approved ES&H Program and Implementation Plan, Contractor's approved Job Safety Analysis, or Contractor's approved Environmental Plan must be submitted in writing to the Laboratory. Exceptions shall not be implemented without prior written approval by the Laboratory Procurement Official.

## H. ES&H Orientation and Site Access

All Contractor personnel are to attend ES&H orientation before starting work at the site. The training consists of two parts, Contractor Safety Orientation (CSO) provided by the Laboratory and job specific safety orientation conducted by the Contractor.

The CSO orientation lasts approximately one and one-half hours. This orientation is required on an annual basis. Upon completion of the orientation, each employee will receive a wallet card that must be presented to Laboratory personnel upon request. Failure to show proof of orientation will result in re-attendance of CSO the next day that orientation is scheduled. Upon completion of the orientation, a gate pass will be issued to the Contractor employee for the duration of the work or for a length of time to be decided by the Construction Field Representative. This pass is required for site access and is to be used only by the employee whose name appears on the pass. Any misuse of the pass will result in a suspension from site access for a period of six (6) months.

## I. Equipment and Tool Inspection

All tools and equipment brought on site by the Contractor will be inspected by the Laboratory for compliance with OSHA and Laboratory requirements prior to use. Tools and equipment also will be randomly inspected throughout the duration of the contract. Items found out of compliance shall be removed immediately from service, tagged out of service and taken off site by the Contractor by the end of that work shift.

## J. Laboratory Site Rules

The following acts or conduct are prohibited at the Laboratory site and violations will result in disciplinary action.

- 1. Possession of weapons, firearms, ammunition, explosives or any other apparatus or material hazardous to the public or property.
- 2. Possession or illegal use of controlled substances or intoxicants or being under their influence.
- 3. Indecent behavior of any type.
- 4. Stealing, misuse or destruction of Laboratory or Government property.
- 5. Violation of site traffic and parking regulations.
- 6. Loitering outside of designated construction areas.
- 7. Using Laboratory facilities such as the Cafeteria and washrooms while wearing extremely dirty or contaminated clothes and shoes.

## K. Laboratory Site Safety Requirements

The following requirements must be implemented on the job site and included in the Contractor's ES&H Program and Implementation Plan.

- 1. The Laboratory conducts work through the use of on-site permits. All required permits will be identified to the Contractor and the Laboratory will arrange for all necessary permits. There is no cost to the Contractor for any Laboratory permits and no work activity shall be performed without the required permits. Such permits include work entry, working hot electrically, open flame, confined space entry, digging, concrete coring, using powder actuated tools, moving Government or Laboratory property off site, and removing asbestos. The Contractor shall comply with all restrictions or provisions listed on the permits. A permit to bring radioactive sources or x-ray equipment on site must be approved 48 hours in advance. All coring and penetrating equipment shall be properly grounded. The use of power actuated tools is prohibited without a variance and written permission from the ES&H Division Director or his representatives. Allow three (3) days to process this variance.
- 2. All employees shall wear safety glasses with rigid side shields at all times in the construction work area unless a higher level of eye protection is required for special hazards. All eye protection must meet the requirement of 29 CFR 1926.102. Safety glasses must be ANSI approved and be marked with the ANSI marking "Z87.1" designation.
- 3. Hard hats shall be worn at all times in the construction work area. Hard hats shall meet the ANSI Z89.1 standard as defined by 29 CFR 1926.100 and bear the "Z89-.1" designation. High voltage exposure work requires hard hats and shall meet ANSI Z89.2 standards and bear the "Z89.2" designation.
- 4. All employees shall wear clothing suitable for the work and weather conditions. The minimum shall be short (1/4 length) sleeve shirt, long trousers, and hard sole leather work boots providing ankle protection. In addition, any work that presents a greater hazard to the feet or toes requires the use of steel toes or metatarsal guards. Canvas, tennis, or deck shoes are not permitted within the construction work area.
- 5. Ground fault circuit interrupters must be provided for electric hand tools and portable generators. The assured equipment grounding program is not an acceptable alternative.
- 6. All vehicles and mobile powered equipment, except automobiles and pickup trucks, must have backup alarms.
- 7. Personnel lifts must be equipped with audible motion alarms for movement in any direction. All lifts must be equipped with a safety foot pedal for operation movement.
- 8. If required by the equipment manufacturer, roll over protection structures shall be provided. Any modifications to lifting and hoisting equipment must be approved by the equipment manufacture.
- 9. Emergency egress routes must be kept clear at all times, including doors, corridors, work site, and staging areas.

- 10. No alarms, safety devices, etc. will be disabled without Laboratory approval.
- 11. Lockout/tag-out procedures shall be enforced. ANL maintenance personnel will deenergize systems and initiate lockout/tag-out. Contractor personnel must be trained in lockout/tag-out prior to participating in lockout/tag-out of hazardous energy sources and working on lockout/tag-out systems or equipment. Contractors must verify that the energy source is de-energized before starting work on the system.
- 12. Fire watches shall be maintained during and for a minimum of thirty minutes after burning, welding, or other fire or spark generating work is completed. An open flame permit must be issued by the Laboratory prior to any welding/cutting operations and be posted on site in a conspicuous area at all times and all restrictions followed. Open burning, fire barrels, or other open-flame heating devices having exposed fuel below the flame are prohibited. Flash back preventers are required on oxygen/fuel hoses. Spark arresters shall be provided on all smoke stacks permitting live sparks, or hot material to escape.
- 13. "Multi-purpose" Class A-B-C dry chemical fire extinguisher, ten pound (minimum) with a pressure gauge, and current inspection (within last 12 months) shall be on the construction site within 100 feet of the work area. An additional extinguisher is required for each open flame operation.
- 14. Contractors shall hold and document the following meetings:
  - a. Weekly "Tool Box" meeting (5-15 minutes) for all Contractor and subcontractor employees at the site to discuss pertinent safety topics.
  - b. Meeting minutes or discussion topics must be posted on the Contractor's bulletin board for a period of one month following the meeting. Minutes shall include the date, person holding the meeting, subject covered, and signatures of attendees.
- 15. The use of explosives is prohibited without written approval from the Laboratory.
- 16. Vehicle operators must have an appropriate, valid driver's license when operating vehicles on site.
- 17. Metal ladders are prohibited.
- 18. The Contractor's competent person performing the daily inspections required by OSHA, such as trench and excavation, ladder, and scaffold inspections shall document each inspection. Such documentation shall be signed and include the date, time, and conditions found. Documentation shall be available for review by the Laboratory for the duration of the project.

19. The Laboratory has a scaffolding tagging system in place and therefore will inspect for approval all scaffolds built by the Contractor prior to use. No scaffolding shall be used without the Laboratory approval. The Contractor must assign a trained and qualified competent person.

# 20. Respiratory Protection

If workers are required to wear respirators, a written respiratory protection program must be included in the Contractor's ES&H Program and Implementation plan as follows:

A written respiratory protection program must be submitted for approval prior to using a respiratory protection device, such as dust/mist masks, including those made of paper, half face air purifying respirators, full face air purifying respirators, any atmosphere supplying respirator.

- a. Medical certification records must be submitted as required by 29 CFR 1910 and 1926. These records must contain the conclusions of a physician regarding the evaluation of the individual employee and consider the employee's physical and psychological ability to use respiratory protection equipment. The records must state whether the employee is able to wear air-purifying respirators, atmosphere supplying respirators, or both. The records must be signed by the evaluating physician and dated within one year of the date of the intended use of the respiratory protection equipment.
- b. Training records must be submitted which document that the employee was trained in and has mastered the training subjects in ANSI Z88.2-1992, Section 7.2. The records must be signed by the trainee and instructor and dated within one year of the date of the intended use of the respiratory protection equipment.
- c. Fit test records must be submitted that document the employee was fit tested by a competent fit tester with reliable testing equipment according to testing requirement of ANSI Z88.2-1980, Section 6.11. The records must document which types (brands and part numbers or materials of construction and size of respirators) provided a satisfactory fit. The employee must be fitted with the respiratory equipment that will be used at the site. The records must be signed by the employee and the fit tester and dated within one year of the date of the intended use of the respiratory protection equipment.

# L. Disciplinary Program

The Contractor is required to develop and implement a disciplinary program to control poor performance, misconduct, negligence and safety violations by both its employees and that of any of its subcontractors. This program must be reflected in the Contractor' ES&H Program and Implementation Plan. The Contractor should have a plan similar to the one described below. The

Laboratory will enforce the following Disciplinary Program which includes disciplinary actions up to and including termination of the contract.

The Laboratory will issue verbal warnings to Contractors and subcontractors for safety infractions and will issue written citations for more serious or continual infractions. The following progressive program will be implemented in sequential stages based on that quantity of documented safety violations. The previous one year period from the current date will be utilized in determining the quantity of:

## 1. Stage 1 (Verbal Notification)

When a Contractor employee is observed to be involved in a safety infraction which is not imminent danger, the employee shall be told of the infraction and the Contractor's ES&H representative will be notified of the incident.

# 2. Stage 2 (First Documented Safety Violation)

After receiving verbal notification, if a Contractor employee is observed to be involved in the same safety infraction, or an infraction which the employee should be cognizant of through his work qualifications, the Contractor employee will receive a documented safety violation and the Contractor's ES&H representative will receive a copy of the violation.

# 3. Stage 3 (Second Documented Safety Violation)

Upon receipt of a second documented safety violation, notifications as stated in Stage 2 above shall be completed. In addition, the Contractor shall contact the Laboratory to discuss the nature of the violations and the Contractor's corrective actions needed to avoid repeated unsafe work practices and the consequences thereof.

# 4. Stage 4 (Third Documented Safety Violation)

Upon receipt of a third documented safety violation, the Contractor employee will be required to return his ANL gate pass and Construction Safety Orientation card to the Laboratory, and the Contractor employee's access to the Laboratory will be suspended for three working days. The Contractor's management will be notified of this suspension by the Laboratory's Procurement office. Prior to returning to work at the Laboratory, the Contractor employee will be required to attend the Contractor Safety Orientation. In addition, Contractor management and the Contractor's employee may be required to attend a meeting with Laboratory representatives prior to the employee being permitted access to the Laboratory.

# 5. Stage 5 (Subsequent Safety Violations)

A subsequent documented safety violation of any nature will be cause to suspend the Contractor employee for two weeks. Additional safety violations will be cause for further

suspension. Notification and conditions for granting return access to the Laboratory will be as described in Stage 4 above.

# 6. Imminent Danger

Imminent danger situations include, but are not limited to, working at heights above six feet without fall protection; not locking out, tagging and verifying control of hazardous energy before working; not complying with confined space entry requirements; and entering a trench, excavation or space without control measures in place. When a Contractor employee is observed to be involved in a situation which places him/her or others in imminent danger of being seriously injured or killed, progressive discipline will not be enacted. The employee will be suspended from working on the Laboratory site for a period of six months. In addition, the Contractor's ES&H representative may be suspended from working on the Laboratory site for three work days. Conditions for granting return access to the Laboratory will be as described in Stage 4 above.

# 7. Contractor's Supervisor, Foreman, and/or ES&H Representatives

The Contractor's supervisor, foreman, and/or ES&H representative may receive a documented safety violation notice for failure to enforce safety program requirements. Any Contractor's representative who receives a suspension of any kind will not be allowed to continue in the ES&H representative capacity until reinstated by the Laboratory. Any suspension evoked upon a Contractor's supervisor, foreman, and/or ES&H representative will start on the day following the documented safety violation to allow the Contractor time to arrange for a replacement, unless the violation involves imminent danger which warrants immediate removal from site. The Contractor is responsible for submitting for approval, the name and qualifications of a replacement ES&H representative before work will continue. Once an ES&H representative's status has been terminated, it is at the discretion of the Laboratory to determine reinstatement.

# 8. Cost to the Laboratory

If Laboratory disciplinary action results in suspension of Contractor employee(s) including supervisors, foreman, and ES&H representative as discussed above, the Contractor shall make no claim for an extension of time or for compensation for damages by reason of, or in connection with, this disciplinary action.

## 9. Bid List Removal and Disqualification

A Contractor's safety performance will be an important factor for future consideration for bid lists and selection criteria. This will include a review by the Laboratory of the Contractor's performance, misconduct, negligence, and safety violations by both its employees and that of any of its subcontractors. If it is determined by the Laboratory that the Contractor has failed to implement its approved ES&H program and the Contractor has shown negligence in enforcing safety compliance on the Laboratory site, the

Contractor will be removed from the active bid list of Contractors and shall not be allowed to bid work or work as a subcontractor on the Laboratory site for a period of time as determined by the Laboratory. For example: Two suspensions in one year and a poor safety record are grounds for disqualification (i.e., removal from active bidders list of Contractors). The Contractor may request reinstatement after a one year period. The Contractor's request must be in writing and contain the company's corporate safety plan and an updated "Argonne National Laboratory Contractor Safety Information Questionnaire", ESH-218.

## M. Drug-Free Workplace

It is the Laboratory's policy to maintain a drug-free workplace. The unlawful manufacture, distribution, dispensation, possession, or use of a controlled substance is prohibited on the Laboratory site. Also, Contractor employees are prohibited from consuming alcohol at the Laboratory. Contractor and subcontractor employees who violate this policy will be subject to disciplinary action, including discharge.

The Contractor and all lower tier subcontractors shall abide by the Drug-Free Workplace Act of 1988. Anyone performing work under this contract will 1) abide by the terms of this policy; and 2) notify their employer of any drug statute convictions for a violation occurring in the workplace no later than five (5) days after such convictions. The Contractor will notify the Laboratory within ten (10) days following receipt of the information from an affected employee. Failure to provide such notification shall be reason for immediate discipline up to and including barring the employee site access.

## 32. ASSIGNMENT AND SUBCONTRACTING

- (a) Neither this contract nor any interest therein nor any claim thereunder shall be assigned or transferred by the Contractor except as expressly authorized in writing by the Laboratory. The Laboratory may assign the whole or any part of this contract to the Government or its designee and in such event this contract shall continue in full force and effect.
- (b) The Contractor shall submit a written list of the names of all subcontractors who will perform any part of the work or supply any principal portions of the materials to the Laboratory within ten (10) days after the effective date of this contract or in any event prior to engaging subcontractors or ordering such materials. The Laboratory reserves the right to reject any subcontractor or supplier who is unable to demonstrate that he is qualified and experienced to perform the proposed portion of the work.

#### 33. SUBCONTRACTS FOR COMMERCIAL ITEMS AND COMMERCIAL COMPONENTS

## (a) Definition.

"Commercial item", as used in this clause, means any item of supply that is of a type customarily used for non-governmental purposes that either has been sold, leased or licensed or offered for sale, lease or license to the general public.

"Subcontract", as used in this clause, includes a transfer of commercial items between divisions, subsidiaries, or affiliates of the Contractor or subcontractor at any tier.

- (b) To the maximum extent practicable, the Contractor shall incorporate, and require its subcontractor at all tiers to incorporate, commercial items or nondevelopmental items as components of items to be supplied under this contract.
- (c) Notwithstanding any other clause of this contract, the Contractor is not required to include any FAR provision or clause, other than those listed below to the extent they are applicable and as may be required to establish the reasonableness of prices under Part 15, in a subcontract at any tier for commercial items or commercial components:
  - (1) 52.222-26, Equal Opportunity (E.O. 11246);
  - (2) 52.222-35, Affirmative Action for Special Disabled and Vietnam Era Veterans (38 U.S.C. 4212(a));
  - (3) 52.222-36, Affirmative Action for Handicapped Workers (29 U.S.C. 793); and
- (d) The Contractor shall include the terms of this clause, including this paragraph (d), in subcontracts awarded under this contract.

## 34. NON-WAIVER OF DEFAULTS

Any failure by the Laboratory at any time, or from time to time, to enforce or require the strict keeping and performance of any of the terms or conditions of this contract shall not constitute a waiver of such terms or conditions and shall not affect or impair such terms or conditions in any way, nor the right of the Laboratory at any time to avail itself of such remedies as it may have for any breach or breaches of such terms or conditions.

## 35. WARRANTY OF CONSTRUCTION

(a) In addition to any other warranties in this contract, the Contractor warrants, except as provided in paragraph (j) of this clause, that work performed under this contract conforms to the contract

- requirements and is free of any defect in equipment, material, or design furnished, or workmanship performed by the Contractor or any subcontractor or supplier at any tier.
- (b) This warranty shall continue for a period of one year from the date of final acceptance of the work. If the Laboratory takes possession of any part of the work before final acceptance, this warranty shall continue for a period of one year from the date the Laboratory takes possession.
- (c) The Contractor shall remedy at the Contractor's expense any failure to conform, or any defect. In addition, the Contractor shall remedy at the Contractor's expense any damage to Government-owned or Laboratory-controlled real or personal property, when that damage is the result of --
  - (1) The Contractor's failure to conform to contract requirements; or
  - (2) Any defect of equipment, material, workmanship, or design furnished.
- (d) The Contractor shall restore any work damaged in fulfilling the terms and conditions of this clause. The Contractor's warranty with respect to work repaired or replaced will run for one year from the date of repair or replacement.
- (e) The Laboratory shall notify the Contractor, in writing, within a reasonable time after the discovery of any failure, defect, or damage.
- (f) If the Contractor fails to remedy any failure, defect, or damage within a reasonable time after receipt of notice, the Laboratory shall have the right to replace, repair, or otherwise remedy the failure, defect, or damage at the Contractor's expense.
- (g) With respect to all warranties, express or implied, from subcontractors, manufacturers, or suppliers for work performed and materials furnished under this contract, the Contractor shall --
  - (1) Obtain all warranties that would be given in normal commercial practice;
  - (2) Require all warranties to be executed, in writing, for the benefit of the Laboratory, if directed by the Laboratory; and
  - (3) Enforce all warranties for the benefit of the Laboratory, if directed by the Laboratory.
- (h) In the event the Contractor's warranty under paragraph (b) of this clause has expired, the Laboratory may bring suit at its expense to enforce a subcontractor's, manufacturer's, or supplier's warranty.
- (i) Unless a defect is caused by the negligence of the Contractor or subcontractor or supplier at any tier, the Contractor shall not be liable for the repair of any defects of material or design furnished by the Laboratory nor for the repair of any damage that results from any defect in Laboratory-furnished material or design.

(j) This warranty shall not limit the Laboratory's rights under the Inspection and Acceptance clause of this contract with respect to latent defects, gross mistakes, or fraud.

## 36. BONDS AND INSURANCE

(a) Payment and Performance Bonds in a form and with sureties acceptable to the Laboratory shall be furnished by the Contractor.

The amount of the Payment Bond will be as follows: 1) when the contract price is not more than \$1,000,000.00, the bond will be 50% of the contract price; 2) when the contract price is more than \$1,000,000.00, but not more than \$5,000,000.00, the bond will be 40% of the contract price; 3) when the contract price is more than \$5,000,000.00, the bond amount shall be \$2,500,000.00.

The Performance Bond shall be equal to 100% of the contract price, unless a different amount is approved by the Laboratory.

Each bond must be delivered to the Laboratory within ten (10) days after the effective date of the contract and in any event before the start of the work.

(b) Before undertaking any work under this contract, the Contractor shall, except as otherwise approved by the Laboratory, take out and maintain at its own cost and expense, until the work called for hereunder shall be completed and accepted by the Laboratory, the following insurance in companies satisfactory to the Laboratory:

	TYPE OF INSURANCE			MINIMUM COVERAGE		
				Per Person	Per Accident	<b>Property</b>
(1)	Comprehensi	ve General I	Liability	\$1,000,000	\$2,000,000	\$500,000
(2)	Automobile I	Liability		\$1,000,000	\$2,000,000	\$500,000
(3)	Workmen's Compensation			Statutory		
(4)	Employer's	Liability	(sometimes	\$500,000	\$500,000	
	referred to as	"1(b) covera	age")			

- (c) All policies shall provide by appropriate language that The University of Chicago and the United States Government are additional insureds, that the insurance afforded by such policies is primary insurance, and that all rights of the insurer for contribution from other insurers of The University of Chicago and the United States Government are waived.
- (d) The Contractor agrees to deliver to the Laboratory at the signing and delivery of the within contract, and in any event before any work is performed hereunder, certificates of the insurance companies as to the particulars of the insurance coverage above referred to, and such certificates shall contain a provision that such insurance will not be cancelled nor any change whatsoever made in the policies except upon not less than ten (10) days prior notice thereof to the Laboratory, mailed to it by registered mail, with postage prepaid, addressed to the Subcontract Administrator,

Construction Contracts, Argonne National Laboratory, 9700 South Cass Avenue, Argonne, IL 60439; or, if this work is being performed in Idaho, Attention: Contracting Officer, Argonne National Laboratory, P.O. Box 2528, Idaho Falls, ID 83401.

(e) Before permitting any subcontractor to perform any work under this contract, the Contractor shall require that such subcontractor furnish satisfactory evidence that it has taken out and maintains insurance in the same amounts and with the same provisions as required by the preceding paragraphs of this clause.

## 37. ADDITIONAL BOND SECURITY

The Contractor shall promptly furnish additional security required to protect the Laboratory and persons supplying labor or materials under this contract if --

- (a) Any surety upon any bond furnished with this contract becomes unacceptable to the Laboratory;
- (b) Any surety fails to furnish reports on its financial condition as required by the Laboratory; or
- (c) The contract price is increased so that the penal sum of any bond becomes inadequate in the opinion of the Laboratory.

#### 38. OTHER CONTRACTS

The Laboratory or the Government may undertake or award other contracts for additional work at or near the site of the work under this contract. The Contractor shall fully cooperate with the other Contractors and with Laboratory or Government employees and shall carefully adapt scheduling and performing the work under this contract to accommodate the additional work, heeding any direction that may be provided by the Laboratory. The Contractor shall not commit or permit any act that will interfere with the performance of work by any other Contractor or by Laboratory or Government employees.

#### 39. GOVERNMENT/LABORATORY PROPERTY

- (a) Laboratory-furnished property.
  - (1) The term "Contractor's managerial personnel," as used in paragraph (g) of this clause, means any of the Contractor's directors, officers, managers, superintendents, or equivalent representatives who have supervision or direction of --
    - (i) All or substantially all of the Contractor's business;
    - (ii) All or substantially all of the Contractor's operation at any one plant, or separate location at which the contract is being performed; or

- (iii) A separate and complete major industrial operation connected with performing this contract.
- (2) The Laboratory shall deliver to the Contractor, for use in connection with and under the terms of this contract, the Laboratory-furnished property described in the specifications or elsewhere in the contract, together with such related data and information as the Contractor may request and as may be reasonably required for the intended use of the property (hereinafter referred to as "Laboratory-furnished property").
- (3) The delivery or performance dates for this contract are based upon the expectation that Laboratory-furnished property suitable for use will be delivered to the Contractor at the times stated in the contract or, if not so stated, in sufficient time to enable the Contractor to meet the contract's delivery or performance dates.
- (4) If Laboratory-furnished property is received by the Contractor in a condition not suitable for the intended use, the Contractor shall, upon receipt, notify the Laboratory, detailing the facts, and, as directed by the Laboratory and at Laboratory expense, either effect repairs or modification or return, or otherwise dispose of the property. After completing the directed action and upon written request of the Contractor, the Laboratory shall make an equitable adjustment as provided in paragraph (h) of this clause.
- (5) If Laboratory-furnished property is not delivered to the Contractor by the required time, or times, the Laboratory shall, upon the Contractor's timely written request, make a determination of the delay, if any, caused the Contractor and shall make an equitable adjustment in accordance with paragraph (h) of this clause.
- (b) Changes in Laboratory-furnished property.
  - (1) The Laboratory may, by written notice, (i) decrease the Laboratory-furnished property provided or to be provided under this contract, or (ii) substitute other Laboratory-furnished property for the property to be provided by the Laboratory, or to be acquired by the Contractor for the Laboratory, under this contract. The Contractor shall promptly take such action as the Laboratory may direct regarding the removal, shipment, or disposal of the property covered by this notice.
  - (2) Upon the Contractor's written request, the Laboratory shall make an equitable adjustment to the contract in accordance with paragraph (h) of this clause, if the Laboratory has agreed in the contract to make such property available for performing this contract and there is any --
    - (i) Decrease or substitution in this property pursuant to subparagraph (b)(1) above; or
    - (ii) Withdrawal of authority to use property, if provided under any other contract or lease.

# (c) Title to Property.

Except as otherwise provided by the Laboratory Procurement Official, title to all materials, equipment, supplies, and tangible personal property of every kind and description purchased by the Contractor, for the cost of which the Contractor is entitled to be reimbursed as a direct item of cost under this contract, shall pass directly from the vendor to the Laboratory. The Laboratory reserves the right to inspect, and to accept or reject, any item of such property. The Contractor shall make such disposition of rejected items as the Laboratory Procurement Official shall direct. Title to other property, the cost of which is reimbursable to the Contractor under this contract, shall pass to and vest in the Laboratory upon (1) issuance for use of such property in the performance of this contract, or (2) commencement of processing or use of such property in the performance of this contract, or (3) reimbursement of the cost thereof by the Laboratory, whichever first occurs. Property furnished by the Laboratory and property purchased or furnished by the Contractor, title to which vests in the Laboratory, under this paragraph are hereinafter referred to as Laboratory property. Title to Laboratory property shall not be affected by the incorporation of the property into or the attachment of it to any property not owned by the Laboratory, nor shall such Laboratory property or any part thereof, be or become a fixture or lose its identity as personality by reason of affixation to any realty.

## (d) Identification.

To the extent directed by the Laboratory Procurement Official, the Contractor shall identify Laboratory property coming into the Contractor's possession or custody, by marking and segregating in such a way, satisfactory to the Laboratory Procurement Official, as shall indicate its ownership by the Laboratory.

# (e) Disposition.

The Contractor shall make such disposition of Laboratory property which has come into the possession or custody of the Contractor under this contract as the Laboratory Procurement Official may direct during the progress of the work or upon completion or termination of this contract. The Contractor may, upon such terms and conditions as the Laboratory Procurement Official may approve, sell, or exchange such property, or acquire such property at a price agreed upon by the Laboratory Procurement Official and the Contractor as the fair value thereof. The amount received by the Contractor as the result of any disposition, or the agreed fair value of any such property acquired by the Contractor, shall be applied in reduction of costs allowable under this contract or shall be otherwise credited to account to the Laboratory, as the Laboratory Procurement Official may direct. Upon completion of the work or termination of this contract, the Contractor shall render an accounting, as prescribed by the Laboratory Procurement Official, of all Laboratory property which had come into the possession or custody of the Contractor under this contract.

- (f) Protection of Laboratory Property Management of high-risk property and classified materials—
  - (1) The Contractor shall take all reasonable precautions, and such other actions as may be directed by the Laboratory Procurement Official, or in the absence of such direction, in accordance with sound business practice, to safeguard and protect Laboratory property in the Contractor's possession or custody.
  - (2) In addition, the Contractor shall ensure that adequate safeguards are in place, and adhered to, for the handling, control and disposition of high risk property and classified materials throughout the life cycle of the property and materials consistent with the policies, practices and procedures for property management contained in the Federal Property Management Regulations (41 CFR Chapter 101), the Department of Energy Property Management Regulations (41 CFR Chapter 109), and other applicable regulations.
  - (3) High-risk property is property, the loss, destruction, damage to, or the unintended or premature transfer of which could pose risks to the public, the environment, or the national security interests of the United States. High risk property includes proliferation sensitive, nuclear related dual use, export controlled, chemically or radioactively contaminated, hazardous, and specially designed and prepared property, including property on the militarily critical technologies list.
- (g) Risk of loss of Laboratory property.
  - (1) (i) The Contractor shall not be liable for the loss or destruction of, or damage to, Laboratory property unless such loss, destruction, or damage was caused by any of the following:
    - (A) Willful misconduct or lack of good faith on the part of the Contractor managerial personnel;
    - (B) Failure of the Contractor's managerial personnel to take all reasonable steps to comply with any appropriate written direction of the Laboratory Procurement Official to safeguard such property under paragraph (e) of this clause; or
    - (C) Failure of Contractor managerial personnel to establish, administer, or properly maintain an approved property management system in accordance with paragraph (j)(1) of this clause.
    - (ii) If, after an initial review of the facts, the Laboratory Procurement Official informs the Contractor that there is reason to believe that the loss, destruction of, or damage to the Laboratory property results from conduct falling within one of the categories set forth above, the burden of proof shall be upon the Contractor to show that the Contractor should not be required to compensate the Laboratory for the loss, destruction, or damage.

- (2) In the event the Contractor is determined liable for the loss, destruction, or damage to Laboratory property in accordance with (g)(1) of this clause, the Contractor's compensation to the Laboratory shall be determined as follows:
  - (i) For damaged property, the compensation shall be the cost of repairing such damaged property, plus any costs incurred for temporary replacement of the damaged property. However, the value of repair costs shall not exceed the fair market value of the damaged property. If a fair market value of the property does not exist, the Laboratory Procurement Official shall determine the value of such property, consistent with all relevant facts and circumstances.
  - (ii) For destroyed or lost property, the compensation shall be the fair market value of such property at the time of such loss or destruction, plus any costs incurred for temporary replacement and costs associated with the disposition of destroyed property. If a fair market value of the property does not exist, the Laboratory Procurement Official shall determine the value of such property, consistent with all relevant facts and circumstances.
- (3) The portion of the cost of insurance obtained by the Contractor that is allocable to coverage of risks of loss referred to in paragraph (g)(1) of this clause is not allowable.
- (h) Steps to be taken in event of damage, destruction and loss.

In the event of any damage, destruction, or loss to Laboratory property in the possession or custody of the Contractor with a value above the threshold set out in the Contractor's approved property management system, the Contractor:

- (1) Shall immediately inform the Laboratory Procurement Official of the occasion and extent thereof,
- (2) Shall take all reasonable steps to protect the property remaining, and
- (3) Shall repair or replace the damage, destroyed, or lost property in accordance with the written direction of the Laboratory Procurement Official. The Contractor shall take no action prejudicial to the right of the Laboratory to recover therefore, and shall furnish to the Laboratory, on request, all reasonable assistance in obtaining recovery.
- (i) Laboratory property for Laboratory use only.

Laboratory property shall be use only for the performance of this contract.

- (j) Property Management.
  - (1) Property Management System.

- (i) The Contractor shall establish, administer, and properly maintain an approved property management system of accounting for and control, utilization, maintenance, repair, protection, preservation, and disposition of Laboratory property in its possession under the contract. The Contractor's property management system shall be submitted to the Laboratory Procurement Official for approval and maintained and administered in accordance with sound business practice, applicable Federal Property Management Regulations and Department of Energy Property Management Regulations, and such directives or instructions which the Laboratory Procurement Official may from time to time prescribe.
- (ii) In order for a property management system to be approved, it must provide for:
  - (A) Comprehensive coverage of property from the requirement identification, through its life cycle, to final disposition;
  - (B) Employee personal responsibility and accountability for Laboratory-owned property;
  - (C) Full integration with the Contractor's other administrative and financial systems; and
  - (D) Method for continuously improving property management practices through the identification of best practices established by "best in class" performers.
- (iii) Approval of the Contractor's property management system shall be contingent upon the completion of the baseline inventory as provided in subparagraph (j)(2) of this clause.
- (2) Property Inventory.
  - (i) Unless otherwise directed by the Laboratory Procurement Official, the Contractor shall within six months after execution of the contract provide a baseline inventory covering all items of Laboratory property.
- (ii) In the event that the Contractor is succeeding another Contractor(s) in the performance of this contract, the Contractor shall conduct a joint reconciliation of the property inventory with the predecessor contractor. The Contractor agrees to participate in a joint reconciliation of the property inventory at the completion of this contract. This information will be used to provide a baseline for the succeeding contract as well as information for closeout of the predecessor contract.

## 40. SUSPENSION OF WORK

- (a) The Laboratory may order the Contractor, in writing, to suspend, delay, or interrupt all or any part of the work of this contract for the period of time that the Laboratory determines appropriate for the convenience of the Laboratory.
- (b) If the performance of all or any part of the work is, for an unreasonable period of time, suspended, delayed, or interrupted (1) by an act of the Laboratory in the administration of this contract, or (2) by the Laboratory's failure to act within the time specified in this contract (or within a reasonable time if not specified), an adjustment shall be made for any increase in the cost of performance of this contract (excluding profit) necessarily caused by the unreasonable suspension, delay, or interruption, and the contract modified in writing accordingly. However, no adjustment shall be made under this clause for any suspension, delay, or interruption to the extent that performance would have been so suspended, delayed, or interrupted by any other cause, including the fault or negligence of the Contractor, or for which an equitable adjustment is provided for or excluded under any other term or condition of this contract.
- (c) A claim under this clause shall not be allowed (1) for any costs incurred more than 20 days before the Contractor shall have notified the Laboratory in writing of the act or failure to act involved (but this requirement shall not apply as to a claim resulting from a suspension order), and (2) unless the claim, in an amount stated, is asserted in writing as soon as practicable after the termination of the suspension, delay, or interruption, but not later than the date of final payment under the contract.

## 41. BUY AMERICAN ACT--CONSTRUCTION MATERIALS

(a) <u>Definitions</u>. As used in this clause—

"Components" means those articles, materials, and supplies incorporated directly into construction materials.

"Construction material" means an article, material, or supply brought to the construction site for incorporation into the building or work. Construction material also includes an item brought to the site pre-assembled from articles, materials or supplies. However, emergency life safety systems, such as emergency lighting, fire alarm, and audio evacuation systems, which are discrete systems incorporated into a public building or work and which are produced as a complete system, shall be evaluated as a single and distinct construction material regardless of when or how the individual parts or components of such systems are delivered to the construction site.

"Domestic construction material" means

(1) an unmanufactured construction material mined or produced in the United States; or

- a construction material manufactured in the United States, if the cost of its components mined, produced, or manufactured in the United States exceeds 50 percent of the cost of all its components. Components of foreign origin of the same class or kind as the construction materials determined to be unavailable pursuant to subparagraph 25.202(a)(2) of the Federal Acquisition Regulation (FAR) shall be treated as domestic.
- (b) (1) The Buy American Act (41 U.S.C. 10a-10d) requires that only domestic construction material be used in performing this contract, except as provided in paragraphs (b)(2) and (b)(3) of this clause.
  - (2) This requirement does not apply to the excepted construction material of components listed by the Government as follows:

#### **NONE**

- (3) Other foreign construction material may be added to the list in paragraph (b)(2) of this clause if the Laboratory determines that—
  - (i) The cost would be unreasonable (the cost of a particular domestic construction material shall be determined to be unreasonable when the cost of such material exceeds the cost of foreign material by more than 6 percent, unless the Laboratory determines a higher percentage to be appropriate);
  - (ii) The application of the restriction of the Buy American Act to a particular construction material would be impracticable or inconsistent with the public interest; or
  - (iii) The construction material is not mined, produced, or manufactured in the United States in sufficient and reasonably available commercial quantities of a satisfactory quality.
- (4) The contractor agrees that only domestic construction material will be used by the Contractor, subcontractors, material men, and suppliers in the performance of this contract, except for foreign construction materials, if any, listed in paragraph (b)(2) of this clause.

# (c) Request for Determination.

(1) Contractors requesting to use foreign construction material under paragraph (b)(3) of this clause shall provide adequate information for Laboratory evaluation of the request for a determination regarding the inapplicability of the Buy American Act. Each submission shall include a description of the foreign and domestic construction materials, including unit of measure, quantity, price, time of delivery or availability, location of the construction project, name and address of the proposed contractor, and a detailed justification of the reason for use of foreign materials cited in accordance with paragraph

- (b)(3) of this clause. A submission based on unreasonable cost shall include a reasonable survey of the market and a completed price comparison table in the format in paragraph (d) of this clause. The price of construction material shall include all delivery costs to the construction site and any applicable duty (whether or not a duty-free certificate may be issued).
- (2) If the Laboratory determines after contract award that an exception to the Buy American Act applies, the contract shall be modified to allow use of the foreign construction material, and adequate consideration shall be negotiated. However, and when the basis for the exception is the unreasonable price of a domestic construction material, adequate consideration shall not be less than the differential established in paragraph (b)(3)(i) of this clause.
- (3) If the Laboratory does not determine that an exception to the Buy American Act applies, the use of that particular foreign construction material will be a failure to comply with the Act.
- (d) For evaluation of requests under paragraph (c) of this clause based on unreasonable cost, the following information and any applicable supporting data based on the survey of suppliers shall be included in the request:

# FOREIGN AND DOMESTIC CONSTRUCTION MATERIALS PRICE COMPARISON

Construction Material Description	Unit of Measure	Quantity	Price (Dollars)
Item 1:			
Foreign Construction Material			
Domestic Construction Material			
Item 2:			
Foreign Construction Material			
Domestic Construction Material			

List name, address, telephone number, and contact for suppliers surveyed. Attach copy of response; if oral, attach summary.

Include other applicable supporting information.

\* Include all delivery costs to the construction site and any applicable duty (whether or not a duty free certificate is issued).

# 42. CONTRACT WORK HOURS AND SAFETY STANDARDS ACT - OVERTIME COMPENSATION

- (a) Overtime requirements. No Contractor or subcontractor contracting for any part of the contract work which may require or involve the employment of laborers or mechanics (see Federal Acquisition Regulation (FAR) 22.300) shall require or permit any such laborers or mechanics in any workweek in which the individual is employed on such work to work in excess of 40 hours in such workweek unless such laborer or mechanic receives compensation at a rate not less than 1 1/2 times the basic rate of pay for all hours worked in excess of 40 hours in such workweek.
- (b) Violation; liability for unpaid wages; liquidated damages. In the event of any violation of the provisions set forth in paragraph (a) of this clause, the Contractor and any subcontractor responsible therefor shall be liable for the unpaid wages. In addition, such Contractor and subcontractor shall be liable to the United States (in the case of work done under contract to the District of Columbia or a territory, to such District or to such territory), for liquidated damages. Such liquidated damages shall be computed with respect to each individual laborer or mechanic employed in violation of the provisions set forth in paragraph (a) of this clause in the sum of \$10 for each calendar day on which such individual was required or permitted to work in excess of the standard workweek of 40 hours without payment of the overtime wages required by provisions set forth in paragraph (a) of this clause.
- (c) Withholding for unpaid wages and liquidated damages. The Laboratory shall upon its own action or upon written request of an authorized representative of the Department of Labor withhold or cause to be withheld, from any moneys payable on account of work performed by the Contractor or subcontractor under any such contract or any other Federal contract with the same Prime Contractor, or any other Federally-assisted contract subject to the Contract Work Hours and Safety Standards Act which is held by the same Prime Contractor, such sums as may be determined to be necessary to satisfy any liabilities of such Contractor or subcontractor for unpaid wages and liquidated damages as provided in the provisions set forth in paragraph (b) of this clause.
- (d) Payrolls and basic records.
  - (1) The Contractor or subcontractor shall maintain payrolls and basic payroll records during the course of contract work and shall preserve them for a period of 3 years from the completion of the contract for all laborers and mechanics working on the contract. Such records shall contain the name and address of each such employee, social security number, correct classifications, hourly rates of wages paid, daily and weekly number of hours worked, deductions made, and actual wages paid. Nothing in this paragraph shall require the duplication of records to be maintained for construction work by Department of Labor regulations at 29 CFR 5.5(a)(3) implementing the Davis-Bacon Act.

- (2) The records to be maintained under paragraph (d)(1) of this clause shall be made available by the Contractor or subcontractor for inspection, copying, or transcription by authorized representatives of the Laboratory or the Department of Labor. The Contractor or subcontractor shall permit such representatives to interview employees during working hours on the job.
- (e) Subcontracts. The Contractor or subcontractor shall insert in any subcontracts exceeding \$100,000 the provisions set forth in paragraphs (a) through (e) of this clause and also a clause requiring the subcontractors to include these provisions in any lower tier subcontracts. The Prime Contractor shall be responsible for compliance by any subcontractor or lower tier subcontractor with the provisions set forth in paragraphs (a) through (e) of this clause.

#### 43. DAVIS-BACON ACT

- (a) All laborers and mechanics employed or working upon the site of the work will be paid unconditionally and not less often than once a week, and without subsequent deduction or rebate on any account (except such payroll deductions as are permitted by regulations issued by the Secretary of Labor under the Copeland Act (29 CFR Part 3), the full amount of wages and bona fide fringe benefits (or cash equivalents thereof) due at time of payment computed at rates not less than those contained in the wage determination of the Secretary of Labor which is attached hereto and made a part hereof, regardless of any contractual relationship which may be alleged to exist between the Contractor and such laborers and mechanics. Contributions made or costs reasonably anticipated for bona fide fringe benefits under section 1(b)(2) of the Davis-Bacon Act on behalf of laborers or mechanics are considered wages paid to such laborers or mechanics, subject to the provisions of paragraph (d) of this clause; also, regular contributions made or costs incurred for more than a weekly period (but not less often than quarterly) under plans, funds, or programs which cover the particular weekly period, are deemed to be constructively made or incurred during such period. Such laborers and mechanics shall be paid not less than the appropriate wage rate and fringe benefits in the wage determination for the classification of work actually performed, without regard to skill, except as provided in the clause entitled Apprentices and Trainees. Laborers or mechanics performing work in more than one classification may be compensated at the rate specified for each classification for the time actually worked therein; provided, that the employer's payroll records accurately set forth the time spent in each classification in which work is The wage determination (including any additional classifications and wage rates conformed under paragraph (b) of this clause) and the Davis-Bacon poster (WH-1321) shall be posted at all times by the Contractor and its subcontractors at the site of the work in a prominent and accessible place where it can be easily seen by the workers.
- (b) (1) The Laboratory shall require that any class of laborers or mechanics which is not listed in the wage determination and which is to be employed under the contract shall be classified in conformance with the wage determination. The Laboratory shall approve an additional classification and wage rate and fringe benefits therefor only when all the following criteria have been met:

- (i) The work to be performed by the classification requested is not performed by a classification in the wage determination.
- (ii) The classification is utilized in the area by the construction industry.
- (iii) The proposed wage rate, including any bona fide fringe benefits, bears a reasonable relationship to the wage rates contained in the wage determination.
- (2) If the Contractor and the laborers and mechanics to be employed in the classification (if known), or their representatives, and the Laboratory agree on the classification and wage rate (including the amount designated for fringe benefits, where appropriate), a report of the action taken shall be sent by the Laboratory to the Administrator of the Wage and Hour Division, Employment Standards Administration, U.S. Department of Labor, Washington, DC 20210. The Administrator or an authorized representative will approve, modify, or disapprove every additional classification action within 30 days of receipt and so advise the Laboratory or will notify the Laboratory within the 30-day period that additional time is necessary.
- (3) In the event the Contractor, the laborers or mechanics to be employed in the classification, or their representatives, and the Laboratory do not agree on the proposed classification and wage rate (including the amount designated for fringe benefits, where appropriate), the Laboratory shall refer the questions, including the views of all interested parties and the recommendation of the Laboratory, to the Administrator of the Wage and Hour Division for determination. The Administrator, or an authorized representative, will issue a determination within 30 days of receipt and so advise the Laboratory or will notify the Laboratory within the 30-day period that additional time is necessary.
- (4) The wage rate (including fringe benefits, where appropriate) determined pursuant to subparagraphs (b)(2) and (b)(3) of this clause shall be paid to all workers performing work in the classification under this contract from the first day on which work is performed in the classification.
- (c) Whenever the minimum wage rate prescribed in the contract for a class of laborers or mechanics includes a fringe benefit which is not expressed as an hourly rate, the Contractor shall either pay the benefit as stated in the wage determination or shall pay another bona fide fringe benefit or an hourly cash equivalent thereof.
- (d) If the Contractor does not make payments to a trustee or other third person, the Contractor may consider as part of the wages of any laborer or mechanic the amount of any costs reasonably anticipated in providing bona fide fringe benefits under a plan or program; provided, that the Secretary of Labor has found, upon the written request of the Contractor, that the applicable standards of the Davis-Bacon Act have been met. The Secretary of Labor may require the Contractor to set aside in a separate account assets for the meeting of obligations under the plan or program.

#### 44. WITHHOLDING OF FUNDS

The Laboratory shall, upon its own action or upon written request of an authorized representative of the Department of Labor, withhold or cause to be withheld from the Contractor under this contract or any other Federal contract with the same Prime Contractor, or any other Federally assisted contract subject to Davis-Bacon prevailing wage requirements, which is held by the same Prime Contractor, so much of the accrued payments or advances as may be considered necessary to pay laborers and mechanics, including apprentices, trainees, and helpers, employed by the Contractor or any subcontractor the full amount of wages required by the contract. In the event of failure to pay any laborer or mechanic, including any apprentice, trainee, or helper, employed or working on the site of the work, all or part of the wages required by the contract, the Laboratory may, after written notice to the Contractor, take such action as may be necessary to cause the suspension of any further payment, advance, or guarantee of funds until such violations have ceased.

## 45. PAYROLLS AND BASIC RECORDS

- (a) Payrolls and basic records relating thereto shall be maintained by the Contractor during the course of the work and preserved for a period of 3 years thereafter for all laborers and mechanics working at the site of the work. Such records shall contain the name, address, and social security number of each such worker, his or her correct classification, hourly rates of wages paid (including rates of contributions or costs anticipated for bona fide fringe benefits or cash equivalents thereof of the types described in section 1(b)(2)(B) of the Davis-Bacon Act), daily and weekly number of hours worked, deductions made, and actual wages paid. Whenever the Secretary of Labor has found, under paragraph (d) of the clause entitled Davis-Bacon Act, that the wages of any laborer or mechanic include the amount of any costs reasonably anticipated in providing benefits under a plan or program described in section 1(b)(2)(B) of the Davis-Bacon Act, the Contractor shall maintain records which show that the commitment to provide such benefits is enforceable, that the plan or program is financially responsible, and that the plan or program has been communicated in writing to the laborers or mechanics affected, and records which show the costs anticipated or the actual cost incurred in providing such benefits. Contractors employing apprentices or trainees under approved programs shall maintain written evidence of the registration of apprenticeship programs and certification of trainee programs, the registration of the apprentices and trainees, and the ratios and wage rates prescribed in the applicable programs.
- (b) (1) The Contractor shall submit weekly for each week in which any contract work is performed a copy of all payrolls to the Laboratory. The payrolls submitted shall set out accurately and completely all of the information required to be maintained under paragraph (a) of this clause. This information may be submitted in any form desired. Optional Form WH-347 (Federal Stock Number 029-005-00014-1) is available for this purpose and may be purchased from the Superintendent of Documents, U.S. Government Printing Office, Washington DC 20402. The Prime Contractor is responsible for the submission to copies of payrolls by all subcontractors.

- (2) Each payroll submitted shall be accompanied by a "Statement of Compliance," signed by the Contractor or subcontractor or his or her agent who pays or supervises the payment of the persons employed under the contract and shall certify--
  - (i) That the payroll for the payroll period contains the information required to be maintained under paragraph (a) of this clause and that such information is correct and complete;
  - (ii) That each laborer or mechanic (including each helper, apprentice, and trainee) employed on the contract during the payroll period has been paid the full weekly wages earned, without rebate, either directly or indirectly, and that no deductions have been made either directly or indirectly from the full wages earned, other than permissible deductions as set forth in the Regulations, 29 CFR Part 3; and
  - (iii) That each laborer or mechanic has been paid not less than the applicable wage rates and fringe benefits or cash equivalents for the classification of work performed, as specified in the applicable wage determination incorporated into the contract.
- (3) The weekly submission of a properly executed certification set forth on the reverse side of Optional Form WH-347 shall satisfy the requirement for submission of the "Statement of Compliance" required by subparagraph (b)(2) of this clause.
- (4) The falsification of any of the certifications in this clause may subject the Contractor or subcontractor to civil or criminal prosecution under Section 1001 of Title 18 and Section 3729 of Title 31 of the United States Code.
- (c) The Contractor or subcontractor shall make the records required under (a) of this clause available for inspection, copying, or transcription by the Laboratory or authorized representatives of the Laboratory or the Department of Labor. The Contractor or subcontractor shall permit the Laboratory or representatives of the Contracting Officer or the Department of Labor to interview employees during working hours on the job. If the Contractor or subcontractor fails to submit required records or to make them available, the Laboratory may, after written notice to the Contractor, take such action as may be necessary to cause the suspension of any further payment. Furthermore, failure to submit the required records upon request or to make such records available may be grounds for debarment action pursuant to 29 CFR 5.12.

## 46. APPRENTICES AND TRAINEES

(a) Apprentices. Apprentices will be permitted to work at less than the predetermined rate for the work they performed when they are employed pursuant to and individually registered in a bona fide apprenticeship program registered with the U.S. Department of Labor, Employment and Training Administration, Bureau of Apprenticeship and Training, or with a State Apprenticeship Agency recognized by the Bureau, or if a person is employed in his or her first 90 days of probationary employment as an apprentice in such an apprenticeship program, who is not individually registered

in the program, but who has been certified by the Bureau of Apprenticeship and Training or a State Apprenticeship Agency (where appropriate) to be eligible for probationary employment as an The allowable ratio of apprentices to journeymen on the job site in any craft classification shall not be greater than the ratio permitted to the Contractor as to the entire work force under the registered program. Any worker listed on a payroll at an apprentice wage rate, who is not registered or otherwise employed as stated in this paragraph, shall be paid not less than the applicable wage determination for the classification of work actually performed. In addition, any apprentice performing work on the job site in excess of the ratio permitted under the registered program shall be paid not less than the applicable wage rate on the wage determination for the work actually performed. Where a contractor is performing construction on a project in a locality other than that in which its program is registered, the ratios and wage rates (expressed in percentages of the journeyman's hourly rate) specified in the Contractor's or subcontractor's registered program shall be observed. Every apprentice must be paid at not less than the rate specified in the registered program for the apprentice's level of progress, expressed as a percentage of the journeyman hourly rate specified in the applicable wage determination. Apprentices shall be paid fringe benefits in accordance with the provisions of the apprenticeship program. If the apprenticeship program does not specify fringe benefits, apprentices must be paid the full amount of fringe benefits listed on the wage determination for the applicable classification. Administrator determines that a different practice prevails for the applicable apprentice classification, fringes shall be paid in accordance with that determination. In the event the Bureau of Apprenticeship and Training, or a State Apprenticeship Agency recognized by the Bureau, withdraws approval of an apprenticeship program, the Contractor will no longer be permitted to utilize apprentices at less than the applicable predetermined rate for the work performed until an acceptable program is approved.

(b) Trainees. Except as provided in 29 CFR 5.16, trainees will not be permitted to work at less than the predetermined rate for the work performed unless they are employed pursuant to and individually registered in a program which has received prior approval, evidenced by formal certification by the U.S. Department of Labor, Employment and Training Administration. The ratio of trainees to journeymen on the job site shall not be greater than permitted under the plan approved by the Employment and Training Administration. Every trainee must be paid at not less than the rate specified in the approved program for the trainee's level of progress, expressed as a percentage of the journeyman hourly rate specified in the applicable wage determination. Trainees shall be paid fringe benefits in accordance with the provisions of the trainee program. If the trainee program does not mention fringe benefits, trainees shall be paid the full amount of fringe benefits listed in the wage determination unless the Administrator of the Wage and Hour Division determines that there is an apprenticeship program associated with the corresponding journeyman wage rate in the wage determination which provides for less than full fringe benefits for apprentices. Any employee listed on the payroll at a trainee rate who is not registered and participating in a training plan approved by the Employment and Training Administration shall be paid not less than the applicable wage rate in the wage determination for the classification of work actually performed. In addition, any trainee performing work on the job site in excess of the ratio permitted under the registered program shall be paid not less than the applicable wage rate in the wage determination for the work actually performed. In the event the Employment and Training Administration withdraws approval of a training program, the Contractor will no longer be permitted to utilize trainees at less than the applicable predetermined rate for the work performed until an acceptable program is approved.

(c) Equal employment opportunity. The utilization of apprentices, trainees, and journeymen under this clause shall be in conformity with the equal employment opportunity requirements of Executive Order 11246, as amended, and 29 CFR Part 30.

# 47. COMPLIANCE WITH COPELAND ACT REQUIREMENTS

The Contractor shall comply with the requirements of 29 CFR Part 3, which are hereby incorporated by reference in this contract.

## 48. SUBCONTRACTS (LABOR STANDARDS)

- (a) The Contractor or subcontractor shall insert in any subcontracts the clauses entitled *Davis-Bacon Act, Contract Work Hours and Safety Standards Act Overtime Compensation, Apprentices and Trainees, Payrolls and Basic Records, Compliance with Copeland Act Requirements, Withholding of Funds, Subcontracts (Labor Standards), Contract Termination Debarment, Disputes Concerning Labor Standards, Compliance with Davis-Bacon and Related Act Regulations, and Certification of Eligibility, and such other clauses as the Laboratory may, by appropriate instructions, require, and also a clause requiring subcontractors to include these clauses in any lower tier subcontracts. The prime Contractor shall be responsible for compliance by any subcontractor or lower tier subcontractor with all the contract clauses cited in this paragraph.*
- (b) (1) Within 14 days after award of the contract, the Contractor shall deliver to the Laboratory a completed Statement and Acknowledgment Form (SF 1413) for each subcontract, including the subcontractor's signed and dated acknowledgment that the clauses set forth in paragraph (a) of this clause have been included in the subcontract.
  - (2) Within 14 days after the award of any subsequently awarded subcontract the Contractor shall deliver to the Laboratory an updated completed SF 1413 for such additional subcontract.

## 49. CONTRACT TERMINATION - DEBARMENT

A breach of the contract clauses entitled *Davis-Bacon Act, Contract Work Hours and Safety Standards Act - Overtime Compensation, Apprentices and Trainees, Payrolls and Basic Records, Compliance with Copeland Act Requirements, Subcontracts (Labor Standards), Compliance with Davis-Bacon and Related Act Regulations, or Certification of Eligibility may be grounds for termination of the contract, and for debarment as a Contractor and subcontractor as provided in 29 CFR 5.12.* 

## 50. COMPLIANCE WITH DAVIS-BACON AND RELATED ACT REGULATIONS

All rulings and interpretations of the Davis-Bacon and Related Acts contained in 29 CFR Parts 1, 3, and 5 are hereby incorporated by reference in this contract.

## 51. DISPUTES CONCERNING LABOR STANDARDS

The United States Department of Labor has set forth in 29 CFR Parts 5, 6, and 7 procedures for resolving disputes concerning labor standards requirements. Such disputes shall be resolved in accordance with those procedures. Disputes within the meaning of this clause include disputes between the Contractor (or any of its subcontractors) and the contracting agency, the U.S. Department of Labor, or the employees or their representatives.

#### 52. CERTIFICATION OF ELIGIBILITY

- (a) By entering into this contract, the Contractor certifies that neither it (nor he or she) nor any person or firm who has an interest in the Contractor's firm is a person or firm ineligible to be awarded Government contracts by virtue of section 3(a) of the Davis-Bacon Act or 29 CFR 5.12(a)(1).
- (b) No part of this contract shall be subcontracted to any person or firm ineligible for award of a Government contract by virtue of section 3(a) of the Davis-Bacon Act or 29 CFR 5.12(a)(1).
- (c) The penalty for making false statements is prescribed in the U.S. Criminal Code 18 U.S.C. 1001.

#### 53. APPROVAL OF WAGE RATES

All straight time wage rates, and overtime rates based thereon, for laborers and mechanics engaged in work under this contract must be submitted for approval in writing by the head of the contracting activity or a representative expressly designated for this purpose, if the straight time wages exceed rates for corresponding classifications contained in the applicable Davis-Bacon Act minimum wage determination included in the contract. Any amount paid by the Contractor to any laborer or mechanic in excess of the agency approved wage rate shall be at the expense of the Contractor and shall not be reimbursed by the Government. If the Government refuses to authorize the use of the overtime, the Contractor is not released from the obligation to pay employees at the required overtime rates for any overtime actually worked.

## 54. AFFIRMATIVE ACTION COMPLIANCE REQUIREMENTS FOR CONSTRUCTION

## (a) Definitions

"Covered area," as used in this clause, means the geographical area described in the solicitation for this contract.

"Director," as used in this clause, means Director, Office of Federal Contract Compliance Programs (OFCCP), United States Department of Labor, or any person to whom the Director delegates authority.

"Employer identification number," as used in this clause, means the Federal Social Security number used on the employer's quarterly federal tax return, U.S. Treasury Department Form 941.

"Minority," as used in this clause, means --

- (1) American Indian or Alaskan Native (all persons having origins in any of the original peoples of North America and maintaining identifiable tribal affiliations through membership and participation or community identification);
- (2) Asian and Pacific Islander (all persons having origins in any of the original peoples of the Far East, Southeast Asia, the Indian Subcontinent, or the Pacific Islands);
- (3) Black (all persons having origins in any of the Black African racial groups not of Hispanic origin); and
- (4) Hispanic (all persons of Mexican, Puerto Rican, Cuban, Central or South American, or other Spanish culture or origin regardless of race).
- (b) If the Contractor, or a subcontractor at any tier, subcontracts a portion of the work involving any construction trade, each such subcontract in excess of \$10,000 shall include this clause and the Notice containing the goals for minority and female participation stated in the solicitation for this contract.
- (c) If the Contractor is participating in a Hometown Plan (41 CFR 60-4) approved by the U.S. Department of Labor in a covered area, either individually or through an association, its affirmative action obligations on all work in the plan area (including goals) shall comply with the plan for those trades that have unions participating in the plan. Contractors must be able to demonstrate participation in, and compliance with, the provisions of the plan. Each Contractor or subcontractor participating in an approved plan is also required to comply with its obligations under the Equal Opportunity clause, and to make a good faith effort to achieve each goal under the plan in each trade in which it has employees. The overall good-faith performance by other Contractors or subcontractor toward a goal in an approved plan does not excuse any Contractor's or subcontractor's failure to make good-faith efforts to achieve the plan's goals.

- (d) The Contractor shall implement the affirmative action procedures in subparagraphs (g)(1) through (16) of this clause. The goals stated in the solicitation for this contract are expressed as percentages of the total hours of employment and training of minority and female utilization that the Contractor should reasonably be able to achieve in each construction trade in which it has employees in the covered area. If the Contractor performs construction work in a geographical area located outside of the covered area, it shall apply the goals established for the geographical area where that work is actually performed. The Contractor is expected to make substantially uniform progress toward its goals in each craft.
- (e) Neither the terms and conditions of any collective bargaining agreement, nor the failure by a union with which the Contractor has a collective bargaining agreement, to refer minorities or women shall excuse the Contractor's obligations under this clause, Executive Order 11246, as amended, or the regulations thereunder.
- (f) In order for the nonworking training hours of apprentices and trainees to be counted in meeting the goals, apprentices and trainees must be employed by the Contractor during the training period, and the Contractor must have made a commitment to employ the apprentices and trainees at the completion of their training, subject to the availability of employment opportunities. Trainees must be trained pursuant to training programs approved by the U.S. Department of Labor.
- (g) The Contractor shall take affirmative action to ensure equal employment opportunity. The evaluation of the Contractor's compliance with this clause shall be based upon its effort to achieve maximum results from its actions. The Contractor shall document these efforts fully and implement affirmative action steps at least as extensive as the following:
  - (1) Ensure a working environment free of harassment, intimidation, and coercion at all sites and in all facilities where the Contractor's employees are assigned to work. The Contractor, if possible, will assign two or more women to each construction project. The Contractor shall ensure the foremen, superintendents, and other on-site supervisory personnel are aware of and carry out the Contractor's obligation to maintain such a working environment, with specific attention to minority or female individuals working at these sites or facilities.
  - (2) Establish and maintain a current list of sources for minority and female recruitment. Provide written notification to minority and female recruitment sources and community organizations when the Contractor or its unions have employment opportunities available, and maintain a record of the organization's responses.
  - (3) Establish and maintain a current file of the names, addresses, and telephone numbers of each minority and female off-the-street applicant, referrals of minorities or females from unions, recruitment sources, or community organizations, and the action taken with respect to each individual. If an individual was sent to the union hiring hall for referral and not referred back to the Contractor by the union or, if referred back, not employed by the Contractor, this shall be documented in the file, along with whatever additional actions the Contractor may have taken.

- (4) Immediately notify the Director when the union or unions with which the Contractor has a collective bargaining agreement has not referred back to the Contractor a minority or woman sent by the Contractor, or when the Contractor has other information that the union referral process has impeded the Contractor's efforts to meet its obligations.
- (5) Develop on-the-job training opportunities and/or participate in training programs for the area that expressly include minorities and women, including upgrading programs and apprenticeship and trainee programs relevant to the Contractor's employment needs, especially those programs funded or approved by the Department of Labor. The Contractor shall provide notice of these programs to the sources compiled under subparagraph (g)(2) above.
- (6) Disseminate the Contractor's equal employment policy by --
  - (i) Providing notice of the policy to unions and to training, recruitment, and outreach programs, and requesting their cooperation in assisting the Contractor in meeting its contract obligations;
  - (ii) Including the policy in any policy manual and in collective bargaining agreements;
  - (iii) Publicizing the policy in the company newspaper, annual report, etc.;
  - (iv) Reviewing the policy with all management personnel and with all minority and female employees at least once a year; and
  - (v) Posting the policy on bulletin boards accessible to employees at each location where construction work is performed.
- (7) Review, at least annually, the Contractor's equal employment policy and affirmative action obligations with all employees having responsibility for hiring, assignment, layoff, termination, or other employment decisions. Conduct review of this policy with all on-site supervisory personnel before initiating construction work at a job site. A written record shall be made and maintained identifying the time and place of these meetings, persons attending, subject matter discussed, and disposition of the subject matter.
- (8) Disseminate the Contractor's equal employment policy externally by including it in any advertising in the news media, specifically including minority and female news media. Provide written notification to, and discuss this policy with, other Contractors and subcontractors with which the Contractor does or anticipates doing business.
- (9) Direct recruitment efforts, both oral and written, to minority, female, and community organizations, to schools with minority and female students, and to minority and female recruitment and training organizations serving the Contractor's recruitment area and employment needs. Not later than 1 month before the date for acceptance of applications

for apprenticeship or training by any recruitment source, send written notification to organizations such as the above, describing the openings, screening procedures, and tests to be used in the selection process.

- (10) Encourage present minority and female employees to recruit minority persons and women. Where reasonable, provide after-school, summer, and vacation employment to minority and female youth both on the site and in other areas of the Contractor's workforce.
- (11) Validate all tests and other selection requirements where required under 41 CFR 60-3.
- (12) Conduct, at least annually, an inventory and evaluation at least of all minority and female personnel for promotional opportunities. Encourage these employees to seek or to prepare for, through appropriate training, etc., opportunities for promotion.
- (13) Ensure that seniority practices, job classifications, work assignments, and other personnel practices do not have a discriminatory effect by continually monitoring all personnel and employment-related activities to ensure that the Contractor's obligations under this contract are being carried out.
- (14) Ensure that all facilities and company activities are nonsegregated except that separate or single-user toilet and necessary changing facilities shall be provided to assure privacy between the sexes.
- (15) Maintain a record of solicitations for subcontracts for minority and female construction contractors and suppliers, including circulation of solicitations to minority and female contractor associations and other business associations.
- (16) Conduct a review, at least annually, of all supervisors' adherence to and performance under the Contractor's equal employment policy and affirmative action obligations.
- (h) The Contractor is encouraged to participate in voluntary associations that may assist in fulfilling one or more of the affirmative action obligations contained in subparagraphs (g)(1) through (16). The efforts of a contractor association, joint Contractor-union, Contractor-community, or similar group of which the Contractor is a member and participant may be asserted as fulfilling one or more of its obligations under subparagraphs (g)(1) through (16), provided the Contractor --
  - (1) Actively participates in the group.
  - (2) Makes every effort to ensure that the group has a positive impact on the employment of minorities and women in the industry;
  - (3) Ensures that concrete benefits of the program are reflected in the Contractor's minority and female workforce participation;
  - (4) Makes a good-faith effort to meet its individual goals and timetables; and

- (5) Can provide access to documentation that demonstrates the effectiveness of actions taken on behalf of the Contractor. The obligation to comply is the Contractor's and failure of such a group to fulfill an obligation shall not be a defense for the Contractor's noncompliance.
- (i) A single goal for minorities and a separate single goal for women shall be established. The Contractor is required to provide equal employment opportunity and to take affirmative action for all minority groups, both male and female, and all women, both minority and nonminority. Consequently, the Contractor may be in violation of Executive Order 11246, as amended, if a particular group is employed in a substantially disparate manner.
- (j) The Contractor shall not use goals or affirmative action standards to discriminate against any person because of race, color, religion, sex, or national origin.
- (k) The Contractor shall not enter into any subcontract with any person or firm debarred from Government contracts under Executive Order 11246, as amended.
- (l) The Contractor shall carry out such sanctions and penalties for violation of this clause and of the Equal Opportunity clause, including suspension, termination, and cancellation of existing subcontracts, as may be imposed or ordered under Executive Order 11246, as amended, and its implementing regulations, by the OFCCP. Any failure to carry out these sanctions and penalties as ordered shall be a violation of this clause and Executive Order 11246, as amended.
- (m) The Contractor in fulfilling its obligations under this clause shall implement affirmative action procedures at least as extensive as those prescribed in paragraph (g) above, so as to achieve maximum results from its efforts to ensure equal employment opportunity. If the Contractor fails to comply with the requirements of Executive Order 11246, as amended, the implementing regulations, or this clause, the Director shall take action as prescribed in 41 CFR 60-4.8.
- (n) The Contractor shall designate a responsible official to --
  - (1) Monitor all employment related activity to ensure that the Contractor's equal employment policy is being carried out;
  - (2) Submit reports as may be required by the Laboratory or the Government; and
  - (3) Keep records that shall at least include for each employee the name, address, telephone number, construction trade, union affiliation (if any), employee identification number, social security number, race, sex, status (e.g., mechanic, apprentice, trainee, helper, or laborer), dates of changes in status, hours worked per week in the indicated trade, rate of pay, and locations at which the work was performed. Records shall be maintained in an easily understandable and retrievable form; however, to the degree that existing records satisfy this requirement, separate records are not required to be maintained.

(o) Nothing contained herein shall be construed as a limitation upon the application of other laws that establish different standards of compliance or upon the requirements for the hiring of local or other area residents (e.g., those under the Public Works Employment Act of 1977 and the Community Development Block Grant Program).

## 55. FEDERAL, STATE, AND LOCAL TAXES

(a) "Contract date," as used in this clause, means the date set for bid opening or, if this is a negotiated contract or a modification, the effective date of this contract or modification.

"All applicable Federal, State, and local taxes and duties," as used in this clause, means all taxes and duties in effect on the contract date, that the taxing authority is imposing and collecting on the transactions or property covered by this contract.

"After-imposed Federal tax," as used in this clause, means any new or increased Federal excise tax or duty, or tax that was exempted or excluded on the contract date but whose exemption was later revoked or reduced during the contract period, on the transactions or property covered by this contract that the Contractor is required to pay or bear as the result of legislative, judicial, or administrative action taking effect after the contract date. It does not include social security tax or other employment taxes.

"After-relieved Federal tax," as used in this clause, means any amount of Federal excise tax or duty, except social security or other employment taxes, that would otherwise have been payable on the transactions or property covered by this contract, but which the Contractor is not required to pay or bear, or for which the Contractor obtains a refund or drawback, as the result of legislative, judicial, or administrative action taking effect after the contract date.

- (b) The contract price includes all applicable Federal, State and local taxes and duties.
- (c) The contract price shall be increased by the amount of any after-imposed Federal tax, provided the Contractor warrants in writing that no amount for such newly imposed Federal excise tax or duty or rate increase was included in the contract price, as a contingency reserve or otherwise.
- (d) The contract price shall be decreased by the amount of any after-relieved Federal tax.
- (e) The contract price shall be decreased by the amount of any Federal excise tax or duty, except social security or other employment taxes, that the Contractor is required to pay or bear, or does not obtain a refund of, through the Contractor's fault, negligence, or failure to follow instructions of the Laboratory.
- (f) No adjustment shall be made in the contract price under this clause unless the amount of the adjustment exceeds \$100.

- (g) The Contractor shall promptly notify the Laboratory of all matters relating to any Federal excise tax or duty that reasonably may be expected to result in either an increase or decrease in the contract price and shall take appropriate action as the Laboratory directs.
- (h) The Laboratory shall, without liability, furnish evidence appropriate to establish exemption from any Federal, State, or local tax when the Contractor requests such evidence and a reasonable basis exists to sustain the exemption.

## 56. TERMINATION FOR CONVENIENCE OF THE LABORATORY

- (a) The Laboratory may terminate performance of work under this contract in whole or, from time to time, in part if the Laboratory determines that a termination is in the Laboratory's interest. The Laboratory shall terminate by delivering to the Contractor a Notice of Termination specifying the extent of termination and the effective date.
- (b) After receipt of a Notice of Termination, and except as directed by the Laboratory, the Contractor shall immediately proceed with the following obligations, regardless of any delay in determining or adjusting any amounts due under this clause:
  - (1) Stop work as specified in the notice.
  - (2) Place no further subcontracts or orders (referred to as subcontracts in this clause) for materials, services, or facilities, except as necessary to complete the continued portion of the contract.
  - (3) Terminate all subcontracts to the extent they relate to the work terminated.
  - (4) Assign to the Laboratory, as directed by the Laboratory, all right, title, and interest of the Contractor under the subcontracts terminated, in which case the Laboratory shall have the right to settle or to pay any termination settlement proposal arising out of those terminations.
  - (5) With approval or ratification to the extent required by the Laboratory, settle all outstanding liabilities and termination settlement proposals arising from the termination of subcontracts; the approval or ratification will be final for purposes of this clause.
  - (6) As directed by the Laboratory, transfer title to the Government and deliver to the Laboratory (i) the fabricated or unfabricated parts, work in process, completed work, supplies, and other material produced or acquired for the work terminated, and (ii) the completed or partially completed plans, drawings, information, and other property that, if the contract had been completed, would be required to be furnished to the Laboratory.
  - (7) Complete performance of the work not terminated.

- (8) Take any action that may be necessary, or that the Laboratory may direct, for the protection and preservation of the property related to this contract that is in the possession of the Contractor and in which the Laboratory or the Government has or may acquire an interest.
- (9) Use its best efforts to sell, as directed or authorized by the Laboratory, any property of the types referred to in subparagraph (6) above; provided, however, that the Contractor (i) is not required to extend credit to any purchaser and (ii) may acquire the property under the conditions prescribed by, and at prices approved by, the Laboratory. The proceeds of any transfer or disposition will be applied to reduce any payments to be made by the Laboratory under this contract, credited to the price or cost of the work, or paid in any other manner directed by the Laboratory.
- (c) After expiration of the plant clearance period as defined in Subpart 45.6 of the Federal Acquisition Regulation, the Contractor may submit to the Laboratory a list, certified as to quantity and quality, of termination inventory not previously disposed of, excluding items authorized for disposition by the Laboratory. The Contractor may request the Laboratory to remove those items or enter into an agreement for their storage. Within 15 days, the Laboratory will accept title in the Government to those items and remove them or enter into a storage agreement. The Laboratory may verify the list upon removal of the items, or if stored, within 45 days from submission of the list, and shall correct the list, as necessary, before final settlement.
- (d) After termination, the Contractor shall submit a final termination settlement proposal to the Laboratory in the form and with the certification prescribed by the Laboratory. The Contractor shall submit the proposal promptly, but no later than 1 year from the effective date of termination, unless extended in writing by the Laboratory upon written request of the Contractor within this 1-year period. However, if the Laboratory determines that the facts justify it, a termination settlement proposal may be received and acted on after 1 year or any extension. If the Contractor fails to submit the proposal within the time allowed, the Laboratory may determine, on the basis of information available, the amount, if any, due the Contractor because of the termination and shall pay the amount determined.
- (e) Subject to paragraph (d) above, the Contractor and the Laboratory may agree upon the whole or any part of the amount to be paid because of the termination. The amount may include a reasonable allowance for profit on work done. However, the agreed amount, whether under this paragraph (e) or paragraph (f) below, exclusive of costs shown in subparagraph (f)(2) below, may not exceed the total contract price as reduced by (1) the amount of payments previously made and (2) the contract price of work not terminated. The contract shall be amended, and the Contractor paid the agreed amount. Paragraph (f) below shall not limit, restrict, or affect the amount that may be agreed upon to be paid under this paragraph.
- (f) If the Contractor and the Laboratory fail to agree on the whole amount to be paid the Contractor because of the termination of work, the Laboratory shall pay the Contractor the amounts determined, as follows, but without duplication of any amounts agreed upon under paragraph (e) above:

- (1) For contract work performed before the effective date of termination, the total (without duplication of any items) of --
  - (i) The cost of this work;
  - (ii) The cost of settling and paying termination settlement proposals under terminated subcontracts that are properly chargeable to the terminated portion of the contract if not included in subdivision (i) above; and
  - (iii) A sum, as profit on (i) above, determined by the Laboratory under 49.202 of the Federal Acquisition Regulation, in effect on the date of this contract, to be fair and reasonable; however, if it appears that the Contractor would have sustained a loss on the entire contract had it been completed, the Laboratory shall allow no profit under this subdivision (iii) and shall reduce the settlement to reflect the indicated rate of loss.
- (2) The reasonable costs of settlement of the work terminated, including --
  - (i) Accounting, legal, clerical, and other expenses reasonably necessary for the preparation of termination settlement proposals and supporting data;
  - (ii) The termination and settlement of subcontracts (excluding the amounts of such settlements); and
  - (iii) Storage, transportation, and other costs incurred, reasonably necessary for the preservation, protection, or disposition of the termination inventory.
- (g) Except for normal spoilage, and except to the extent that the Laboratory expressly assumed the risk of loss, the Laboratory shall exclude from the amounts payable to the Contractor under paragraph (f) above, the fair value, as determined by the Laboratory, of property that is destroyed, lost, stolen, or damaged so as to become undeliverable to the Laboratory or to a buyer.
- (h) The cost principles and procedures of Part 31 of the Federal Acquisition Regulation, as modified by Part 931 of the Department of Energy Acquisition Regulation, in effect on the date of this contract, shall govern all costs claimed, agreed to, or determined under this clause.
- (i) In arriving at the amount due the Contractor under this clause, there shall be deducted --
  - (1) All unliquidated advance or other payments to the Contractor under the terminated portion of this contract:
  - (2) Any claim which the Laboratory or the Government has against the Contractor under this contract; and

- (3) The agreed price for, or the proceeds of sale of, materials, supplies, or other things acquired by the Contractor or sold under the provisions of this clause and not recovered by or credited to the Laboratory.
- (j) If the termination is partial, the Contractor may file a proposal with the Laboratory for an equitable adjustment of the price(s) of the continued portion of the contract. The Laboratory shall make any equitable adjustment agreed upon. Any proposal by the Contractor for an equitable adjustment under this clause shall be requested within 90 days from the effective date of termination unless extended in writing by the Laboratory.
- (k) (1) The Laboratory may, under the terms and conditions it prescribes, make partial payments and payments against costs incurred by the Contractor for the terminated portion of the contract, if the Laboratory believes the total of these payments will not exceed the amount to which the Contractor will be entitled.
  - (2) If the total payments exceed the amount finally determined to be due, the Contractor shall repay the excess to the Laboratory upon demand, together with interest computed at the rate established by the Secretary of the Treasury under 50 U.S.C. App. 1215(b)(2). Interest shall be computed for the period from the date the excess payment is received by the Contractor to the date the excess is repaid. Interest shall not be charged on any excess payment due to a reduction in the Contractor's termination settlement proposal because of retention or other disposition of termination inventory until 10 days after the date of the retention or disposition, or a later date determined by the Laboratory because of the circumstances.
- (l) Unless otherwise provided in this contract or by statute, the Contractor shall maintain all records and documents relating to the terminated portion of this contract for 3 years after final settlement. This includes all books and other evidence bearing on the Contractor's costs and expenses under this contract. The Contractor shall make these records and documents available to the Laboratory, at the Contractor's office, at all reasonable times, without any direct charge. If approved by the Laboratory, photographs, microphotographs, or other authentic reproductions may be maintained instead of original records and documents.

## 57. DEFAULT

(a) If the Contractor refuses or fails to prosecute the work or any separable part, with the diligence that will insure its completion within the time specified in this contract including any extension, or fails to complete the work within this time, the Laboratory may, by written notice to the Contractor, terminate the right to proceed with the work (or the separable part of the work) that has been delayed. In this event, the Laboratory may take over the work and complete it by contract or otherwise, and may take possession of and use any materials, appliances, and plant on the work site necessary for completing the work. The Contractor and its sureties shall be liable for any damage to the Laboratory resulting from the Contractor's refusal or failure to complete the work within the specified time, whether or not the Contractor's right to proceed with the work is

terminated. This liability includes any increased costs incurred by the Laboratory in completing the work.

- (b) The Contractor's right to proceed shall not be terminated nor the Contractor charged with damages under this clause, if --
  - (1) The delay in completing the work arises from unforeseeable causes beyond the control and without the fault or negligence of the Contractor. Examples of such causes include (i) acts of God or of the public enemy, (ii) acts of the Government in either its sovereign or contractual capacity, (iii) acts of another Contractor in the performance of a contract with the Government, (iv) fires, (v) floods, (vi) epidemics, (vii) quarantine restrictions, (viii) strikes, (ix) freight embargoes, (x) unusually severe weather, or (xi) delays of subcontractors or suppliers at any tier arising from unforeseeable causes beyond the control and without the fault or negligence of both the Contractor and the subcontractors or suppliers; and
  - (2) The Contractor, within 10 days from the beginning of any delay (unless extended by the Laboratory), notifies the Laboratory in writing of the causes of delay. The Laboratory shall ascertain the facts and the extent of delay. If, in the judgment of the Laboratory, the findings of fact warrant such action, the time for completing work shall be extended.
- (c) If, after termination of the Contractor's right to proceed, it is determined that the Contractor was not in default, or that the delay was excusable, the rights and obligations of the parties will be the same as if the termination had been issued for the convenience of the Laboratory.
- (d) The rights and remedies of the Laboratory, in this clause are in addition to any other rights and remedies provided by law or under this contract.

# 58. EMPLOYMENT REPORTS ON DISABLED VETERANS AND VETERANS OF THE VIETNAM ERA

- (a) Unless the Contractor is a State or local government agency, the Contractor shall report at least annually, as required by the Secretary of Labor, on—
  - (1) The number of special disabled veterans and the number of veterans of the Vietnam era in the workforce of the contractor by job category and hiring location; and
  - (2) The total number of new employees hired during the period covered by the report, and of that total, the number of special disabled veterans, and the number of veterans of the Vietnam era.
- (b) The above items shall be reported by completing the form entitled "Federal Contractor Veterans' Employment Report VETS-199."

- (c) Reports shall be submitted no later than March 31 of each year beginning March 31, 1998.
- (d) The employment activity report required by paragraph (a)(2) of this clause shall reflect total hires during the most recent 12-month period as of the ending date selected for the employment profile report required by the paragraph (a)(1) of this clause. Contractors may select an ending date:
  - (1) As of the end of any pay period during the period January through March 1<sup>st</sup> of the year the report is due, or
  - (2) As of December 31, if the contractor has previous written approval from the Equal Employment Opportunity Commission to do so for purposes of submitting the Employer Information Report EEO-1 (Standard Form 100).
- (e) The count of veterans reported according to paragraph (a) of this clause shall be based on voluntary disclosure. Each Contractor subject to the reporting requirements at 38 U.S.C. 4212 shall invite all disabled veterans and veterans of the Vietnam era who wish to benefit under the affirmative action program at 38 U.S.C. 4212 to identify themselves to the Contractor. The invitation shall state that the information is voluntarily provided; that the information will be kept confidential; that disclosure or refusal to provide the information will not subject the applicant or employee to any adverse treatment; and that the information will be used only in accordance with the regulations promulgated under 38 U.S.C. 4212.
- (f) Subcontracts. The Contractor shall include the terms of this clause in every subcontract or purchase order of \$10,000 or more unless exempted by rules, regulations, or orders of the Secretary.

#### 59. ANTI-KICKBACK PROCEDURES

## (a) Definitions.

- (1) "Kickback," as used in this clause, means any money, fee, commission, credit, gift, gratuity, thing of value, or compensation of any kind which is provided, directly or indirectly, to any prime Contractor, prime Contractor employee, subcontractor, or subcontractor employee for the purpose of improperly obtaining or rewarding favorable treatment in connection with a prime contract or in connection with a subcontract relating to a prime contract.
- (2) "Person," as used in this clause, means a corporation, partnership, business association of any kind, trust, joint-stock company, or individual.
- (3) "Prime Contract," as used in this clause, means a contract or contractual action entered into by the United States for the purpose of obtaining supplies, materials, equipment, or services of any kind.

- (4) "Prime Contractor," as used in this clause, means a person who has entered into a prime contract with the United States.
- (5) "Prime Contractor Employee," as used in this clause, means any officer, partner, employee, or agent of a prime Contractor.
- (6) "Subcontract," as used in this clause, means a contract or contractual action entered into by a prime Contractor or subcontractor for the purpose of obtaining supplies, materials, equipment, or services of any kind under a prime contract.
- (7) "Subcontractor," as used in this clause, (1) means any person, other than the prime Contractor, who offers to furnish or furnishes any supplies, materials, equipment, or services of any kind under a prime contract or a subcontract entered into in connection with such prime contract, and (2) includes any person who offers to furnish or furnishes general supplies to the prime Contractor or a higher-tier subcontractor.
- (8) "Subcontractor Employee," as used in this clause, means any officer, partner, employee, or agent of a subcontractor.
- (b) The Anti-Kickback Act of 1986 (41 U.S.C. 51-58) (the Act), prohibits any person from --
  - (1) Providing or attempting to provide or offering to provide any kickback;
  - (2) Soliciting, accepting, or attempting to accept any kickback; or
  - (3) Including, directly or indirectly, the amount of any kickback in the contract price charged by a prime Contractor to the United States or in the contract price charged by a subcontractor to a prime Contractor or higher-tier subcontractor.
- (c) (1) The Contractor shall have in place and follow reasonable procedures designed to prevent and detect possible violations described in paragraph (b) of this clause in its own operations and direct business relationships.
  - (2) When the Contractor has reasonable grounds to believe that a violation described in paragraph (b) of this clause may have occurred, the Contractor shall promptly report, in writing, the possible violation. Such reports shall be made to the inspector general of the contracting agency, the head of the contracting agency if the agency does not have an inspector general, or the Department of Justice.
  - (3) The Contractor shall cooperate fully with any Federal agency investigating a possible violation described in paragraph (b) of this clause.
  - (4) The Contracting Officer may (i) offset the amount of the kickback against any monies owed by the United States under the prime contract and/or (ii) direct that the prime Contractor withhold from sums owed a subcontractor under the prime contract, the

amount of the kickback. The Contracting Officer may order that monies withheld under subdivision (c)(4)(ii) of this clause be paid over to the Government unless the Government has already offset those monies under subdivision (c)(4)(i) of this Clause. In either case, the prime Contractor shall notify the Contracting Officer when the monies are withheld.

(5) The Contractor agrees to incorporate the substance of this clause, including subparagraph (c)(5) but excepting subparagraph (c)(1), in all subcontracts under this contract.

#### 60. RESTRICTIONS ON SUBCONTRACTOR SALES TO THE GOVERNMENT

- (a) Except as provided in paragraph (b) below, the Contractor shall not enter into any agreement with an actual or prospective subcontractor, nor otherwise act in any manner, which has or may have the effect of restricting sales by such subcontractors directly to the Government of any item or process (including computer software) made or furnished by the subcontractor under this contract or under any follow-on production contract.
- (b) The prohibition in paragraph (a) above does not preclude the Contractor from asserting rights that are otherwise authorized by law or regulation.
- (c) The Contractor agrees to incorporate the substance of this Clause, including this paragraph (c), in all subcontracts under this contract which exceed \$100,000.

#### 61. WHISTLEBLOWER PROTECTION FOR CONTRACTOR EMPLOYEES

- (a) The Contractor shall comply with the requirements of the "DOE Contractor Employee Protection Program" at 10 CFR Part 708.
- (b) The Contractor shall insert or have inserted the substance of this clause, including this paragraph B, in subcontracts, at all tiers, with respect to work performed on-site at a DOE owned or leased facility, as provided for at 10 CFR 708.

#### 62. LIMITATION ON PAYMENTS TO INFLUENCE CERTAIN FEDERAL TRANSACTIONS

This clause applies if this contract is expected to exceed \$100,000.

## (a) DEFINITIONS

"Agency", as used in this clause, means executive agency as defined in 2.101.

"Covered Federal action," as used in this clause, means any of the following Federal actions:

(1) The awarding of any Federal contract

- (2) The making of any Federal grant
- (3) The making of any Federal loan
- (4) The entering into of any cooperative agreement
- (5) The extension, continuation, renewal, amendment, or modification of any Federal contract, grant, loan, or cooperative agreement.

"Indian tribe" and "tribal organization," as used in this clause, have the meaning provided in section 4 of the Indian Self-Determination and Education Assistance Act (25 U.S.C. 450B) and Alaskan Natives.

"Influencing or attempting to influence," as used in this clause, means making with the intent to influence, any communication to or appearance before an officer or employee of any agency, a Member of Congress, an officer or employee of Congress, or an employee of a Member of Congress in connection with any covered Federal action.

"Local government," as used in this clause, means a unit of government in a State and, if chartered, established, or otherwise recognized by a State for the performance of a governmental duty, including a local public authority, a special district, an intrastate district, a council of governments, a sponsor group representative organization, and any other instrumentality of a local government.

"Officer or employee of an agency," as used in this clause, includes the following individuals who are employed by an agency:

- (1) An individual who is appointed to a position in the Government under title 5, United States Code, including a position under a temporary appointment.
- (2) A member of the uniformed services, as defined in subsection 101(3), title 37, United States Code.
- (3) a special Government employee, as defined in section 202, title 18, United States Code.
- (4) An individual who is a member of a Federal advisory committee, as defined by the Federal Advisory Committee Act, title 5, United States Code, appendix 2.

"Person", as used in this clause, means an individual, corporation, company, association, authority, firm, partnership, society, State, and local government, regardless of whether such entity is operated for profit, or not for profit. This term excludes an Indian tribe, tribal organization, or any other Indian organization with respect to expenditures specifically permitted by other Federal law.

"Reasonable compensation," as used in this clause, means with respect to a regularly employed officer or employee of any person, compensation that is consistent with the normal compensation

for such officer or employee for work that is not furnished to, not funded by, or not furnished in cooperation with the Federal Government.

"Reasonable payment," as used in this clause, means with respect to professional and other technical services, a payment in an amount that is consistent with the amount normally paid for such services in the private sector.

"Recipient," as used in this clause, includes the Contractor and all subcontractors. This term excludes an Indian tribe, tribal organization, or any other Indian organization with respect to expenditures specifically permitted by other Federal law.

"Regularly employed," as used in this clause, means with respect to an officer or employee of a person requesting or receiving a Federal contract, an officer or employee who is employed by such person for at least one hundred thirty (130) working days within one (1) year immediately preceding the date of the submission that initiates agency consideration of such person for receipt of such contract. An officer or employee who is employed by such person for less than one hundred thirty (130) working days within one (1) year immediately preceding the date of the submission that initiates agency consideration of such person shall be considered to be regularly employed as soon as he or she is employed by such person for one hundred thirty (130) working days.

"State," as used in this clause, means a State of the United States, the District of Columbia, Commonwealth of Puerto Rico, a territory or possession of the United States, an agency or instrumentality of a State, and multi-State, regional, or interstate entity having governmental duties and powers.

# (b) <u>PROHIBITIONS</u>

- (1) Section 1352 of title 31, United States Code, among other things, prohibits a recipient of a Federal contract, grant, loan, or cooperative agreement from using appropriated funds to pay any person for influencing or attempting to influence an officer or employee of any agency, a Member of Congress, an officer or employee of Congress, or an employee of a Member of Congress in connection with any of the following covered Federal actions: the awarding of any Federal contract; the making of any Federal grant; the making of any Federal loan; the entering into of any cooperative agreement; or the modification of any Federal contract, grant, loan, or cooperative agreement.
- (2) The Act also requires Contractors to furnish a disclosure if any funds other than Federal appropriated funds (including profit or fee received under a covered Federal transaction) have been paid, or will be paid, to any person for influencing or attempting to influence an officer or employee of any agency, a Member of Congress, an officer or employee of Congress, or an employee of a Member of Congress in connection with a Federal contract, grant, loan, or cooperative agreement.
- (3) The prohibitions of the Act do not apply under the following conditions:

- (i) Agency and legislative liaison by own employees.
  - (A) The prohibition on the use of appropriated funds, in subparagraph (b)(1) of this clause, does not apply in the case of a payment of reasonable compensation made to an officer or employee of a person requesting or receiving a covered Federal action if the payment is for agency and legislative liaison activities not directly related to a covered Federal action.
  - (B) For purposes of subdivision (b)(3)(i)(A) of this clause, providing any information specifically requested by an agency or Congress is permitted at any time.
  - (C) The following agency and legislative liaison activities are permitted at any time where they are not related to a specific solicitation for any covered Federal action:
    - (1) Discussing with an agency the qualities and characteristics (including individual demonstrations) of the person's products or services, conditions or terms of sale, and service capabilities.
    - (2) Technical discussions and other activities regarding the application or adaptation or the person's products or services for an agency's use.
  - (D) The following agency and legislative liaison activities are permitted where they are prior to formal solicitation of any covered Federal action--
    - (1) Providing any information not specifically requested but necessary for an agency to make an informed decision about initiation of covered Federal action:
    - (2) Technical discussions regarding the preparation of an unsolicited proposal prior to its official submission; and
    - (3) Capability presentations by persons seeking awards from an agency pursuant to the provisions of the Small Business Act, as amended by Pub. L. 95-507, and subsequent amendments.
  - (E) Only those services expressly authorized by subdivision (b)(3)(i)(A) of this clause are permitted under this clause.
- (ii) Professional and technical services.
  - (A) The prohibition on the use of appropriated funds, in subparagraph (b)(1) of this clause, does not apply in the case of--

- (1) A payment or reasonable compensation made to an officer or employee of a person requesting or receiving a covered Federal action or an extension, continuation, renewal, amendment, or modification of a covered Federal action, if payment is for professional or technical services rendered directly in the preparation, submission, or negotiation of any bid, proposal, or application for that Federal action or for meeting requirements imposed by or pursuant to law as a condition for receiving that Federal action.
- (2) Any reasonable payment to a person, other than an officer or employee of a person requesting or receiving a covered Federal action or an extension, continuation, renewal, amendment, or modification of a covered Federal action if the payment is for professional or technical services rendered directly in the preparation, submission, or negotiation of any bid, proposal, or application for that Federal action or for meeting requirements imposed by or pursuant to law as a condition for receiving that Federal action. Persons other than officers or employees of a person requesting or receiving a covered Federal action include consultants and trade associations.
- (B) For purposes of subdivision (b)(3)(ii)(A) of this clause, "professional and technical services" shall be limited to advice and analysis directly applying any professional or technical discipline. For example, drafting of a legal document accompanying a bid or proposal by a lawyer is allowable. Similarly, technical advice provided by an engineer on the performance or operational capability of a piece of equipment rendered directly in the negotiation of a contract is allowable. However, communications with the intent to influence made by a professional (such as a licensed lawyer) or a technical person (such as a licensed accountant) are not allowable under this section unless they provide advice and analysis directly applying their professional or technical expertise and unless the advice or analysis is rendered directly and solely in the preparation, submission or negotiation of a covered Federal action. Thus, for example, communications with the intent to influence made by a lawyer that do not provide legal advice or analysis directly and solely related to the legal aspects of his or her client's proposal, but generally advocate one proposal over another are not allowable under this section because the lawyer is not providing professional legal services. Similarly, communications with the intent to influence made by an engineer providing an engineering analysis prior to the preparation or submission of a bid or proposal are not allowable under this section since the engineer is providing technical services but not directly in the preparation, submission or negotiation of a covered Federal action.

- (C) Requirements imposed by or pursuant to law as a condition for receiving a covered Federal award include those required by law or regulation and any other requirements in the actual award documents.
- (D) Only those services expressly authorized by subdivisions (b)(3)(ii)(1) and (2) of this clause are permitted under this clause.
- (E) The reporting requirements of FAR 3.803(a) shall not apply with respect to payments of reasonable compensation made to regularly employed officers or employees of a person.

## (iii) Disclosure.

- (A) The Contractor who requests or receives from an agency a Federal contract shall file with that agency a disclosure form, OMB standard form LLL, Disclosure of Lobbying Activities, if such person has made or has agreed to make any payment using nonappropriated funds (to include profits from any covered Federal action), which would be prohibited under subparagraph (b)(1) of this clause, if paid for with appropriated funds.
- (B) The Contractor shall file a disclosure form at the end of each calendar quarter in which there occurs any event that materially affects the accuracy of the information contained in any disclosure form previously filed by such person under subparagraph (c)(1) of this clause. An event that materially affects the accuracy of the information reported includes--
  - (1) A cumulative increase of twenty-five thousand dollars (\$25,000) or more in the amount paid or expected to be paid for influencing or attempting to influence a covered Federal action; or
  - (2) A change in the person(s) or individual(s) influencing or attempting to influence a covered Federal action; or
  - (3) A change in the officer(s) employee(s), or Member(s) contacted to influence or attempt to influence a covered Federal action.
- (C) The Contractor shall require the submittal of a certification, and if required, a disclosure form by any person who requests or receives any subcontract exceeding one hundred thousand dollars (\$100,000) under the Federal contract.
- (D) All subcontractor disclosure forms (but not certifications) shall be forwarded from tier to tier until received by the prime Contractor. The prime Contractor shall submit all disclosures to the Laboratory at the end of

the calendar quarter in which the disclosure form is submitted by the subcontractor. Each subcontractor certification shall be retained in the subcontract file of the awarding Contractor.

- (iv) Agreement. The Contractor agrees not to make any payment prohibited by this clause.
- (v) Penalties.
  - (A) Any person who makes an expenditure prohibited under paragraph (a) of this clause or who fails to file or amend the disclosure form to be filed or amended by paragraph (b) of this clause shall be subject to civil penalties as provided for by 31 U.S.C. 1352. An imposition of a civil penalty does not prevent the Government from seeking any other remedy that may be applicable.
  - (B) Contractors may rely without liability on the representation made by their subcontractors in the certification and disclosure form.
- (vi) Cost allowability. Nothing in this clause makes allowable or reasonable any costs which would otherwise be unallowable or unreasonable. Conversely, costs made specifically unallowable by the requirements in this clause will not be made allowable under any other provision.

## 63. RESTRICTIONS ON CERTAIN FOREIGN PURCHASES

- (a) Unless advance written approval of the Laboratory Procurement Official is obtained, the Contractor shall not acquire, for use in the performance of this contract, any supplies or services originating from sources within, or that were located in or transported from or through, countries whose products are banned from importation into the United States under regulations of the Office of Foreign Assets Control, Department of the Treasury. Those countries include Cuba, Iran, Iraq, Libya, and North Korea.
- (b) The Contractor shall not acquire for use in the performance of this contract any supplies or services from entities controlled by the Government of Iraq.
- (c) The Contractor agrees to insert the provisions of this clause, including this paragraph (c) in all subcontracts hereunder.

# 64. SUSPECT/COUNTERFEIT PARTS

- (a) "Suspect/Counterfeit Parts" are parts that may be of new manufacture, but labeled to represent a different class of parts, or used and/or refurbished parts, complete with false labeling, that are represented as new parts. Three categories of suspect/counterfeit parts exist:
  - (1) Fasteners, including bolts and nuts, made of carbon steel (designated as grade five or grade eight) or stainless steel, with headmarks or stamps shown on the headmark list that was prepared by the United States Customs Service (see Attachment I to this clause, or its latest revision);
  - (2) Piping valves and flanges bearing labels that falsely indicate that the items meet recognized ASME or ASTM consensus standards; and,
  - (3) Used or refurbished molded-case electrical circuit breakers or similar type switch gear.
- (b) Supplies furnished to the Laboratory under this contract shall not include suspect/counterfeit parts nor shall such parts be used in performing any work under this contract whether on or off the Laboratory site.
- (c) If suspect/counterfeit parts are furnished under this contract and are found on the Laboratory site, such parts shall be impounded by the Laboratory or they shall be removed by the Contractor as directed by the Laboratory. The Contractor shall promptly replace such parts with supplies acceptable to the Laboratory and the Contractor shall be liable for all costs relating to impoundment, removal, and replacement.
- (d) The rights of the Laboratory in this clause are in addition to any other rights provided by law or under this contract.